



A Lost Decade?

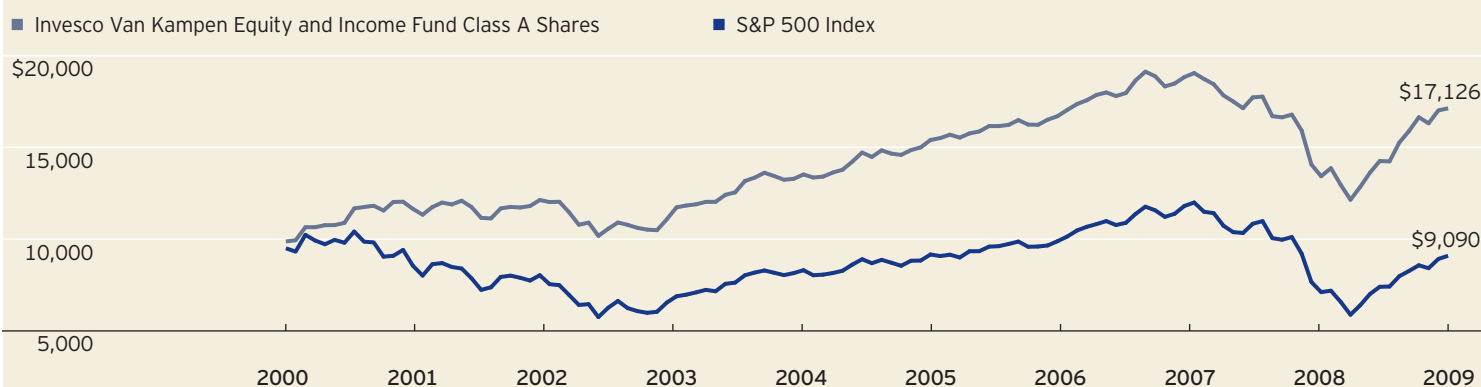
INVESTABLE IDEAS

Not With Invesco Van Kampen Equity and Income Fund

Many pundits and media outlets refer to the 10-year period from 1999-2009 as the lost decade. This statement has been made with good reason, as the S&P 500 Index has been negative and actually lost money during this time. Over this same period, an investment in Invesco Van Kampen Equity and Income Fund would have achieved more than a 5% gain.

Performance results: Invesco Van Kampen Equity and Income Fund Growth Of \$10,000 vs. S&P 500 Index (12/31/99-12/31/09)

Over the 10-year period ended Dec. 31, 2009, the fund achieved a positive return, while the market, as defined by the S&P 500 Index, was down.



Invesco Van Kampen Equity and Income Fund A	
Year-End Value (\$)	12,018 11,751 10,774 13,163 14,712 15,863 17,851 18,437 13,866 17,126
Annual Return (%)	20.19 -2.23 -8.32 22.16 11.77 7.82 12.53 3.26 -24.78 23.51
S&P 500 Index	
Year-End Value (\$)	9,090 8,010 6,241 8,030 8,903 9,340 10,814 11,407 7,188 9,090
Annual Return (%)	-9.10 -11.88 -22.09 28.67 10.87 4.91 15.78 5.49 -36.99 26.47

Source: Invesco, Lipper Inc. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Performance is for Class A shares and does not include sales charges, which would have reduced performance. Index performance reflects reinvestment of distributions. For more information, please see performance disclosure below.

Share Class Symbols

A: ACEIX C: ACERX
Y: ACETX R: ACESX

Average Annual Total Returns (%)

As of 12/31/11

	Class A Shares Without Sales Charge	Class A Shares With Max 5.50% Sales Charge	S&P 500 Index
1 Year	-1.23	-6.67	2.09
5 Years	1.27	0.13	-0.25
10 Years	4.92	4.34	2.92
Since Inception (8/3/60)	10.14	10.02	-

Source for Index returns: Lipper Inc. Performance quoted is past performance and cannot guarantee comparable future results; current performance may be lower or higher. Visit invesco.com for the most recent month end performance. Performance figures reflect reinvested distributions and changes in net asset value (NAV). Performance shown at NAV does not include applicable front-end sales charge. If sales charges had been reflected, performance would be lower. Investment return and principal value will vary so that you may have a gain or a loss when you sell shares. Had fees not been waived and/or expenses reimbursed in the past, returns would have been lower.

The gross expense ratio is 0.81% for Class A shares. Expenses are as of the fund's fiscal year end as outlined in the fund's current prospectus.

About risk

The ability of the Fund's equity securities to generate income generally depends on the earnings and the continuing declaration of dividends by the issuers of such securities. The interest income on debt securities generally is affected by prevailing interest rates, which can vary widely over the short- and long-term. If dividends are reduced or discontinued or interest rates drop, distributions to shareholders from the Fund may drop as well.

If interest rates fall, it is possible that issuers of callable securities held by the Fund will call or prepay their securities before their maturity dates. In this event, the proceeds from the called securities would most likely be reinvested by the Fund in securities bearing the new, lower interest rates, resulting in a possible decline in the Fund's income and distributions to shareholders and termination of any conversion option on convertible securities.

Credit risk refers to an issuer's ability to make timely payments of interest and principal. Because the Fund generally invests only in investment grade-quality debt securities, it is subject to a lower level of credit risk than a fund investing in lower-quality securities.

The risks of investing in securities of foreign issuers can include fluctuations in foreign currencies, foreign currency exchange controls, political and economic instability, differences in financial reporting, differences in securities regulation and trading, and foreign taxation issues. The Fund may also invest in issuers in developing or emerging market countries, which are subject to greater risks than investments in securities of issuers in developed countries.

Investing in REITs makes the Fund more susceptible to risks associated with the ownership of real estate and with the real estate industry in general and may involve duplication of management fees and certain other expenses. In addition, REITs depend upon specialized management skills, may be less diversified, may have lower trading volume, and may be subject to more abrupt or erratic price movements than the overall securities markets.

The Fund emphasizes a value style of investing. The Fund's investment style presents the risk that the valuations may never improve or that the returns on value securities may be less than the returns on other styles of investing or the overall stock market. Different types of stocks tend to shift in and out of favor depending on market and economic conditions. Thus, the value of the Fund's investments will vary and at times may be lower or higher than that of other types of investments.

Risks of derivatives include the possible imperfect correlation between the value of the instruments and the underlying assets; risks of default by the other party to certain transactions; risks that the transactions may result in losses that partially or completely offset gains in portfolio positions; and risks that the transactions may not be liquid.

The use of forward contracts involves the risk of mismatching the Fund's objectives under a forward contract with the value of securities denominated in a particular currency. Furthermore, such transactions reduce or preclude the opportunity for gain if the value of the currency should move in the direction opposite to the position taken. There is an additional risk to the effect that currency contracts create exposure to currencies in which the Fund's securities are not denominated. Unanticipated changes in currency prices may result in poorer overall performance for the Fund than if it had not entered into such contracts.

A decision as to whether, when and how to use futures involves the exercise of skill and judgment and even a well conceived futures transaction may be unsuccessful because of market behavior or unexpected events.

A decision as to whether, when and how to use options involves the exercise of skill and judgment and even a well conceived option transaction may be unsuccessful because of market behavior or unexpected events. The prices of options can be highly volatile and the use of options can lower total returns.

NOT FDIC INSURED | MAY LOSE VALUE | NO BANK GUARANTEE

Before investing, investors should carefully read the prospectus and/or summary prospectus and carefully consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses. For this and more complete information about the fund(s), investors should ask their advisers for a prospectus/summary prospectus or visit [invesco.com/fundprospectus](https://www.invesco.com/fundprospectus).

The S&P 500[®] Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of the U.S. stock market. An investment cannot be made directly in an index.