

Invesco Corporate Bond Fund Q1 2024

Key takeaways



Potential to lock in yields

Bond yields, while down from their highs, are still in our view at attractive levels. Investors have an opportunity to potentially lock in these yields for years to come by investing in high grade bonds before interest rates come down further.



Picking your spots

Yield spreads between Treasuries and non-Treasury sectors in our observation have been tight, which makes our credit underwriting and security selection even more important.



Beating the crowd

Investors have amassed large overweights in cash and money markets (Source: St. Louis Fed. Data as of 12/31/23). When the Federal Reserve (Fed) cuts interest rates, we believe a "wall of cash" will likely move to risk assets, pushing bond prices up and yields down. Timing a move is hard, but for now in our view investors are being paid to wait in fixed income.

Investment objective

The fund seeks to provide current income with preservation of capital. Capital appreciation is a secondary objective that is sought only when consistent with the fund's primary investment objective.

Fund facts

Fund AUM (\$M)

3,186.18

Portfolio managers

Michael Hyman, Chuck Burge, Matthew Brill, Niklas Nordenfelt, Todd Schomberg

Manager perspective and outlook

- First quarter global growth was better than expected, largely driven by a resilient US economy. A tight US labor market appeared to support consumer strength. Fixed income returns for the quarter were in our view disappointing as changing expectations about Fed interest rate policy appeared to spur volatility.
- US inflation news was mixed, with January and February inflation higher than expected.
 However, overall inflation still shows a disinflationary trend. The Fed's messaging indicates
 possible interest rate cuts in the near future. Global economies appear to be at different
 stages of taming inflation with potential for 2024 interest rate cuts.
- The yield spread between investment grade bonds and Treasuries moved tighter and may narrow further as supply/demand balance appears positive. Measured rate cuts by global central banks are likely to create a favorable environment for credit and should we believe bolster demand for investment grade bonds. Corporate fundamentals appear solid and most companies have still been benefiting from the low overall funding costs available before the recent rise in rates. The financials sector still appears in our view very cheap, while industrials appear expensive, which means valuing corporate bonds is nuanced.

Portfolio characteristics*

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Effective duration (yrs)	6.99	6.53
Coupon (%)	5.76	4.08
30-day SEC yield (Class A shares)	4.90	-
30-day SEC unsubsidized yields (Class A shares)	4.90	-

Investment categories (%)

	Portfolio	Index
Corporate Bonds	71.29	73.27
US Investment Grade Bonds	62.33	73.26
US High Yield Bonds	8.96	0.01
Non-US Debt	23.23	24.13
Non-US Investment Grade Bonds	13.30	12.16
Emerging Market Debt	4.34	4.08
Non-US High Yield Bonds	3.54	0.00
Sovereign Debt	2.05	7.89
Government Bonds	1.98	0.00
US Treasuries	1.98	0.00
Securitized	1.64	0.00
ABS	1.64	0.00
Convertible Bonds	0.55	0.00
Municipal Bonds	0.11	2.59
Cash & Cash Equivalent	0.40	0.00
Derivatives & FX	0.04	0.00
Others	0.75	0.00

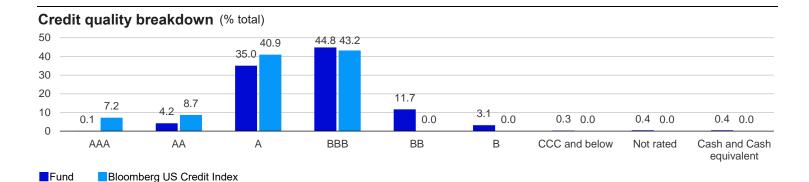
Portfolio positioning

During the quarter, we maintained an overweight in investment grade corporates, which we believe should perform well in a soft landing or recession scenario. In a soft landing, interest rates would come down more slowly and bond investors would continue to earn high yields for longer. In a recession, the Fed is likely to cut rates faster thus accelerating bond returns via duration exposure. Plus, investment grade bonds should outperform growth-sensitive assets like equities in a recession scenario. We also believe the credit market seems "under-invested," with significant cash on the sidelines or in money markets. As investors turn positive, we believe entrance of this cash into the market will boost demand, providing a technical tailwind for credit assets over coming quarters.

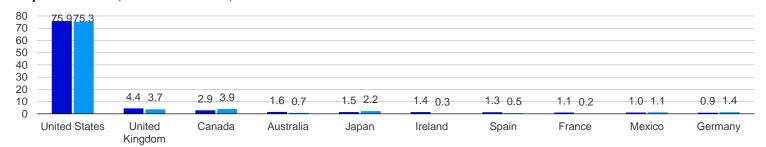
Within the investment grade corporate segment, we maintain an overweight in financials, particularly in the banking sector. After the regional banking crisis in March 2023, we saw a unique buying opportunity in financial credits where yield spreads compared to Treasuries were elevated. We believe the "Big 6" banks (Bank of America, Wells Fargo, Goldman Sachs, Citi, JP Morgan and Morgan Stanley), as well as super-regional and high-quality regional banks, offer attractive opportunities given that they have still been trading with wide spreads. We believe the outlook for lower interest rates going forward will continue to benefit banking fundamentals, with valuations still at historically cheap levels.

We increased the fund's overweights in high-yield corporates and emerging market debt, favoring increased risk exposure given the positive macroeconomic backdrop. However, we favor keeping a tight control on risk because we believe very high valuations limit the potential upside for risky assets. We maintained an overweight in residential mortgages because they should in our view benefit from an expected decrease in interest rate volatility now that the Fed has indicated its hiking cycle is likely over. We increased the fund's allocation to Treasuries to take advantage of the large new issuance calendar.

We kept the fund's duration fairly neutral relative to the benchmark, extending duration due to the anticipation of interest rate cuts in the near future and a supportive economic backdrop.



Top countries (% of total net assets)



Top contributors (bps)

Issuer	Return	Contrib. to return
MAG MUTUAL HOLDING COMPANY	970.40	3.60
WELLS FARGO & COMPANY SERIES L	135.82	3.49
CITIGROUP INC	311.26	3.44
VISTRA CORP	311.72	2.13
GLOBAL ATLANTIC FINANCIAL LTD	352.28	1.95

Top detractors (bps)

Issuer	Return	Contrib. to return
SOLVENTUM CORP	81.71	-0.82
GENERAL MOTORS FINANCIAL CO INC	74.20	-0.71
PROLOGIS LP	-238.35	-0.68
BARCLAYS PLC	4114.47	-0.65
SUMITOMO MITSUI FINANCIAL GROUP IN	-107.95	-0.52

Performance highlights

Invesco Corporate Bond Fund Class A shares at net asset value (NAV) had a positive return for the quarter and outperformed its benchmark, the Bloomberg US Credit Index.

Contributors to performance

Security selection: The fund benefited from security selection in the banking and energy sub-sectors.

Sector allocation: Underweights in the technology and consumer non-cyclical subsectors positively affected relative performance.

Government-related assets: Security selection within government-related assets, particularly Agencies, positively affected relative performance.

Detractors from performance

Security selection: Security selection in the brokerage/asset managers/exchanges subsector detracted from relative performance.

Treasuries: An overweight in Treasuries negatively affected relative performance.

Standardized performance (%) as of March 31, 2024

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		Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	Since inception
Class A shares inception: 09/23/71	NAV	0.27	0.27	5.43	-2.43	1.89	2.86	6.53
	Max. Load 4.25%	-4.00	-4.00	0.88	-3.83	1.00	2.41	6.44
Class R6 shares inception: 09/24/12	NAV	0.37	0.37	5.99	-2.04	2.29	3.29	3.40
Class Y shares inception: 08/12/05	NAV	0.18	0.18	5.69	-2.22	2.12	3.10	4.43
Bloomberg US Credit Index		-0.41	-0.41	4.15	-1.86	1.39	2.49	-
Total return ranking vs. Morningstar Corporate Bond category (Class A shares at NAV)		-	-	19% (34 of 193)	84% (134 of 178)	17% (26 of 163)	12% (14 of 100)	-

Expense ratios per the current prospectus: Class A: Net: 0.77%, Total: 0.77%; Class R6: Net: 0.37%, Total: 0.37%; Class Y: Net: 0.52%, Total: 0.52%.

Performance quoted is past performance and cannot guarantee comparable future results; current performance may be lower or higher. Visit invesco.com for the most recent month-end performance. Performance figures reflect reinvested distributions and changes in net asset value (NAV). Investment return and principal value will vary so that you may have a gain or a loss when you sell shares. Returns less than one year are cumulative; all others are annualized. Performance includes litigation proceeds. Had these proceeds not been received, total return would have been lower Index source: RIMES Technologies Corp. Had fees not been waived and/or expenses reimbursed in the past, returns would have been lower. Performance shown at NAV does not include the applicable front-end sales charge, which would have reduced the performance.

Class Y and R6 shares have no sales charge; therefore performance is at NAV. Class Y shares are available only to certain investors. Class R6 shares are closed to most investors. Please see the prospectus for more details.

Performance highlights (cont'd)

Calendar year total returns (%)										
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Class A shares at NAV	8.00	-1.62	8.05	7.26	-4.15	15.76	11.41	0.31	-16.73	7.89
Class R6 shares at NAV	8.32	-1.19	8.66	7.85	-3.87	16.30	11.81	0.69	-16.48	8.46
Class Y shares at NAV	8.26	-1.37	8.46	7.51	-4.02	16.19	11.66	0.56	-16.60	8.32
Bloomberg US Credit Index	7.53	-0.77	5.63	6.18	-2.11	13.80	9.35	-1.08	-15.26	8.18

Unless otherwise specified, all information is as of 03/31/24. Unless stated otherwise, Index refers to Bloomberg US Credit Index.

The Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Credit Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of publicly issued, SEC-registered U.S. corporate and specified foreign debentures and secured notes. An investment cannot be made directly in an index.

About risk

The fund may invest in privately issued securities, including 144A securities which are restricted (i.e. not publicly traded). The liquidity market for Rule 144A securities may vary, as a result, delay or difficulty in selling such securities may result in a loss to the fund.

Convertible securities may be affected by market interest rates, the risk of issuer default, the value of the underlying stock, or the issuer's right to buy back the convertible securities.

An issuer may be unable to meet interest and/or principal payments, thereby causing its instruments to decrease in value and lowering the issuer's credit rating.

Derivatives may be more volatile and less liquid than traditional investments and are subject to market, interest rate, credit, leverage, counterparty, and management risks. An investment in a derivative could lose more than the cash amount invested.

Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) considerations may vary across investments and issuers, and not every ESG factor may be identified or evaluated for investment. The Fund will not be solely based on ESG considerations; therefore, issuers may not be considered ESG-focused companies. ESG factors may affect the Fund's exposure to certain companies or industries and may not work as intended. The Fund may underperform other funds that do not assess ESG factors or that use a different methodology to identify and/or incorporate ESG factors. ESG is not a uniformly defined characteristic and as a result, information used by the Fund to evaluate such factors may not be readily available, complete or accurate, and may vary across providers and issuers. There is no guarantee that ESG considerations will enhance Fund performance.

The risks of investing in securities of foreign issuers, including emerging markets, can include fluctuations in foreign currencies, political and economic instability, and foreign taxation issues. Interest rate risk refers to the risk that bond prices generally fall as interest rates rise and vice versa.

Junk bonds have greater risk of default or price changes due to changes in the issuer's credit quality. Junk bond values fluctuate more than high quality bonds and can decline significantly over a short time

Mortgage- and asset-backed securities are subject to prepayment or call risk, which is the risk that the borrower's payments may be received earlier or later than expected due to changes in prepayment rates on underlying loans. Securities may be prepaid at a price less than the original purchase value.

The fund is subject to certain other risks. Please see the current prospectus for more information regarding the risks associated with an investment in the fund.

The opinions expressed are those of the fund's portfolio management, are based on current market conditions and are subject to change without notice. These opinions may differ from those of other Invesco investment professionals.

This does not constitute a recommendation of any investment strategy or product for a particular investor. Investors should consult a financial professional before making any investment decisions.

Note: Not all products available at all firms. Financial professionals, please contact your home office.

Ratings source: Standard & Poor's, Moody's or Fitch, as applicable. A credit rating is an assessment provided by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO) of the creditworthiness of an issuer with respect to debt obligations, including specific securities, money market instruments or other debts. Ratings are measured on a scale that generally ranges from AAA (highest) to D (lowest); ratings are subject to change without notice. Not Rated indicates the debtor was not rated and should not be interpreted as indicating low quality. A negative in Cash indicates fund activity that has accrued or is pending settlement. For more information on rating methodologies, please visit the following NRSRO websites:

www.standardandpoors.com and select 'Understanding Credit Ratings' under Rating Resources 'About Ratings' on the homepage; www.ratings.moodys.com and select 'Rating Methodologies' under Research and Ratings on the homepage; www.fitchratings.com and select 'Ratings Definitions Criteria' under 'Resources' on the homepage. Then select 'Rating Definitions' under 'Resources' on the 'Contents' menu.

The fund holdings are organized according to the Global Industry Classification Standard, which was developed by and is the exclusive property and service mark of MSCI Inc. and Standard & Poor's.

* Effective duration is the managers' estimate of a bond fund's price sensitivity to changes in interest rates. This measure takes into account mortgage prepayments, puts, adjustable coupons and potential call dates. Contribution to Return measures the performance impact from portfolio holdings over a defined time period. It takes into account both weight and performance of the portfolio holdings. Contribution to Return is calculated at security level.

Morningstar

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Before investing, consider the Fund's investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses. Visit invesco.com/fundprospectus for a prospectus/summary prospectus containing this information. Read it carefully before investing.

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