



# Inflation Hedge Portfolio 2024-1

## A specialty unit trust

### Trust specifics

#### Deposit information

Public offering price per unit <sup>†</sup>	\$10.00
Minimum investment (\$250 for IRAs) <sup>2</sup>	\$1,000.00
Deposit date	02/01/24
Termination date	05/01/25
Distribution dates	25 <sup>th</sup> day of each month
Record dates	10 <sup>th</sup> day of each month
Term of trust	15 months
Symbol	IHEBDB
Historical 12 month distributions <sup>†</sup>	\$0.3578

#### HEDG241 Sales charge and CUSIPs

##### Brokerage

##### Sales charge<sup>3</sup>

Deferred sales charge	1.35%
Creation and development fee	0.50%
Total sales charge	1.85%
Last deferred sales charge payment date	10/10/24

##### CUSIPs

Cash	46150L-10-4
Reinvest	46150L-11-2
Historical 12 month distribution rate <sup>†</sup>	3.58%

##### Fee-based

##### Sales charge<sup>3</sup>

Fee-based sales charge	0.50%
------------------------	-------

##### CUSIPs

Fee-based cash	46150L-12-0
Fee-based reinvest	46150L-13-8
Historical 12 month distribution rate <sup>†</sup> (fee-based)	3.63%

Investors in fee-based accounts will not be assessed the deferred sales charge for eligible fee-based purchases and must purchase units with a Fee-based CUSIP.

<sup>†</sup> The historical 12 month distributions per unit and each historical 12 month distribution rate of the securities included in the trust are for illustrative purposes only and are not indicative of the trust's actual distributions or distribution rate. The historical 12 month distributions per unit amount is based upon the weighted average of the actual distributions paid by the securities included in the trust over the 12 months preceding the trust's deposit date, and is reduced to account for the effects of fees and expenses which will be incurred when investing in a trust. Each historical 12 month distribution rate is calculated by dividing the historical 12 month distributions amount by the trust's initial \$10 public offering price per unit. There is no guarantee the issuers of the securities included in the trust will declare dividends or distributions in the future. The distributions paid by the trust, as well as the corresponding rates, may be higher or lower than the figures shown due to certain factors that may include, but are not limited to, a change in the dividends or distributions paid by issuers, actual expenses incurred, currency fluctuations, the sale of trust securities to pay any deferred sales charges, trust fees and expenses, variations in the trust's per unit price, or with the call, maturity or the sale of securities in the trust. Distributions made by certain securities in the trust may include non-ordinary income.

### Objective

The Portfolio seeks to provide the potential for capital appreciation and current income. The Portfolio seeks to achieve its objective by investing in a portfolio that consists of exchange-traded funds ("ETFs"), exchange-traded products ("ETPs"), domestic and foreign stocks, real estate investment trusts ("REITs") and master limited partnerships ("MLPs"). The ETFs and ETPs invest in domestic and foreign stocks, fixed income securities, commodities, Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities ("TIPS"), MLPs, REITs and other real estate companies.

### Portfolio composition (As of the business day before deposit date)

#### Common Stocks

Energy	
ConocoPhillips	COP
Coterra Energy, Inc.	CTRA
Diamondback Energy, Inc.	FANG
Energy Transfer, L.P.	ET
Enterprise Products Partners, L.P.	EPD

#### Materials

Linde plc	LIN
Sherwin-Williams Company	SHW
Teck Resources, Ltd. - CL B	TECK
Wheaton Precious Metals Corporation	WPM

#### Real Estate

American Tower Corporation	AMT
Equinix, Inc.	EQIX
Prologis, Inc.	PLD
Regency Centers Corporation	REG
VICI Properties, Inc.	VICI

#### Utilities

AES Corporation	AES
Atmos Energy Corporation	ATO
PPL Corporation	PPL
Public Service Enterprise Group, Inc.	PEG
Sempra Energy	SRE

#### REGISTERED INVESTMENT COMPANIES

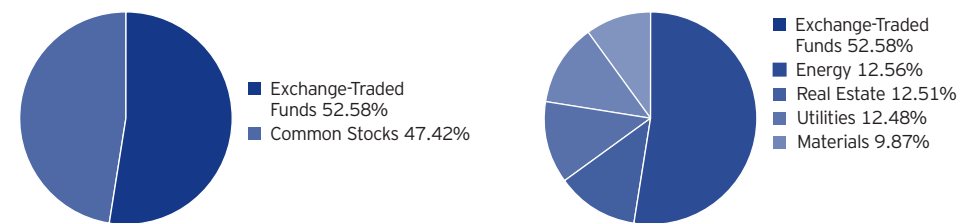
##### Exchange-Traded Funds

Alerian MLP ETF	AMPL
FlexShares STOXX Global Broad Infrastructure Index Fund	NFRA
Global X U.S. Infrastructure Development ETF	PAVE
Invesco Active U.S. Real Estate ETF	PSR
Invesco Optimum Yield Diversified Commodity Strategy No K-1 ETF	PDBC
Invesco S&P 500 Equal Weight Energy ETF	RSPG
Invesco Senior Loan ETF	BKLN
iShares 0-5 Year TIPS Bond ETF	STIP
iShares Floating Rate Bond ETF	FLOT
iShares International Developed Real Estate ETF	IFGL
iShares MSCI Global Metals & Mining Producers ETF	PICK
iShares U.S. Oil & Gas Exploration & Production ETF	IEO
Schwab U.S. TIPS ETF	SCHP
SPDR Blackstone Senior Loan ETF	SRLN
SPDR FTSE International Government Inflation-Protected Bond ETF	WIP
SPDR S&P Kensho Intelligent Structures ETF	SIMS
VanEck Agribusiness ETF	MOO
VanEck Gold Miners ETF	GDX
Vanguard Real Estate ETF	VNQ

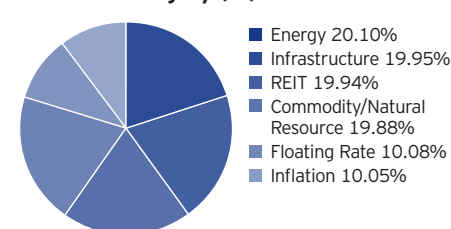
The trust portfolio is provided for informational purposes only and should not be deemed as a recommendation to buy or sell the individual securities shown above.

### Asset class breakdown (%)

(As of the business day before deposit date)



### Inflation Category (%)



See page 2 for the footnotes on trust specifics.

## About risk

There is no assurance the trust will achieve its investment objective. An investment in this unit investment trust is subject to market risk, which is the possibility that the market values of securities owned by the trust will decline and that the value of trust units may therefore be less than what you paid for them. This trust is unmanaged and its portfolio is not intended to change during the trust's life except in limited circumstances. Accordingly, you can lose money investing in this trust. The trust should be considered as part of a long-term investment strategy and you should consider your ability to pursue it by investing in successive trusts, if available. You will realize tax consequences associated with investing from one series to the next.

A security issuer may be unable to make payments of interest, dividends or principal in the future. This may reduce the level of dividends certain of the ETFs pay which would reduce your income and cause the value of your Units to fall.

The financial condition of a security issuer may worsen or its credit ratings may drop, resulting in a reduction in the value of your Units. This may occur at any point in time, including during the initial offering period.

You could experience dilution of your investment if the size of the Portfolio is increased as Units are sold. There is no assurance that your investment will maintain its proportionate share in the Portfolio's profits and losses.

Investing in foreign securities involves certain risks not typically associated with investing solely in the United States. This may magnify volatility due to changes in foreign exchange rates, the political and economic uncertainties in foreign countries, and the potential lack of liquidity, government supervision and regulation.

The Portfolio, through its investments in various ETFs, may have significant exposure to certain market sectors. Accordingly, the Portfolio may be more susceptible to economic, political and other occurrences influencing those sectors.

The value of the fixed income securities in the Portfolio's underlying ETFs, in general, will fall if interest rates rise. In a low interest rate environment risks associated with rising rates are heightened. The negative impact on fixed income securities from any interest rate increases could be swift and significant. No one can predict whether interest rates will rise or fall in the future.

The Portfolio invests in shares of ETFs that are subject to risks related to factors such as management's ability to achieve a fund's objective, market conditions affecting an ETF's investments and use of leverage. In addition, there is the risk that the market price of an ETF's shares may trade at a discount from its net asset value, an active secondary market may not develop or be maintained, or trading may be halted by the exchange on which they trade, which may impact the Portfolio's ability to sell the ETF shares. You will bear not only your share of the Portfolio's expenses, but also the expenses of the underlying ETFs. By investing in ETFs, the Portfolio incurs greater expenses than you would incur if you invested directly in the funds.

The Portfolio will be exposed to issuers in emerging markets either directly or through its investments in the underlying ETFs. Investing in emerging markets entails the risk that news and events unique to a country or region will affect those markets and their issuers. Countries with emerging markets may have relatively unstable governments, may present the risks of nationalization of businesses, restrictions on foreign ownership and prohibitions on the repatriation of assets.

Certain ETFs in the Portfolio invest in corporate bonds. Corporate bonds are debt obligations of a corporation, and as a result are generally subject to the various economic, political, regulatory, competitive and other such risks that may affect an issuer. Like other fixed income securities, corporate bonds generally decline in value with increases in interest rates. During periods of market turbulence, corporate bonds may experience illiquidity and volatility. During such periods, there can be uncertainty in assessing the financial condition of an issuer. As a result, the ratings of the bonds in certain of the ETFs in the Portfolio may not accurately reflect an issuer's current financial condition, prospects, or the extent of the risks associated with investing in such issuer's securities.

The Portfolio invests in MLPs both directly and indirectly through its investments in the underlying ETFs. Most MLPs operate in the energy sector and are subject to the risks generally applicable to companies in that sector, including commodity pricing risk, supply and demand risk, depletion risk and exploration risk. MLPs are also subject to the risk that regulatory or legislative changes could limit or eliminate the tax benefits enjoyed by MLPs which could have a negative impact on the after-tax income available for distribution by the MLPs and/or the value of the Portfolio's investments.

The Portfolio invests in securities of REITs and other real estate companies both directly and indirectly through its investments in the underlying ETFs. Shares of REITs and other real estate companies may appreciate or depreciate in value, or pay dividends depending upon global and local economic conditions, changes in interest rates and the strength or weakness of the overall real estate market. Negative developments in the real estate industry will affect the value of your investment more than would be the case in a more diversified investment.

Certain ETFs in the Portfolio invest in senior loans. Although senior loans in which the funds invest may be secured by specific collateral, there can be no assurance that liquidation of collateral would satisfy the borrower's obligation in the event of non-payment of scheduled principal or interest or that such collateral could be readily liquidated. Senior loans in which the funds invest generally are of below investment grade credit quality, may be unrated at the time of investment, generally are not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission or any state securities commission, and generally are not listed on any securities exchange. In addition, the amount of public information available on senior loans generally is less extensive than that available for other types of assets. Further, the yield on funds investing in senior loans may fluctuate with changes in interest rates. Generally, yields on senior loans decline in a falling interest rate environment and increase in a rising interest rate environment. Because interest rates on senior loans are reset periodically, an increase in interest rates may not be immediately reflected in the rates of the loans.

Certain of the securities held directly by the Portfolio or the underlying ETFs are stocks of smaller capitalization companies. These stocks are often more volatile and have lower trading volumes than stocks of larger companies. Smaller capitalization companies may have limited products or financial resources, management inexperience and less publicly available information.

Certain ETFs in the Portfolio may invest in securities rated below investment grade and considered to be "junk" or "high-yield" securities. Securities rated below "BBB-" by Standard & Poor's or below "Baa3" by Moody's are considered to be below investment grade. These securities are considered to be speculative and are subject to greater market and credit risks. Accordingly, the risk of default is higher than with investment grade securities. In addition, these securities may be more sensitive to interest rate changes and may be more likely to make early returns of principal.

Investing in commodity-related investment products entails significant risks. Commodity prices may be affected by a variety of factors at any time, including but not limited to, (i) changes in supply and demand relationships, (ii) governmental programs and policies, (iii) national and international political and economic events, war and terrorist attacks, (iv) changes in interest and exchanges rate, (v) trading activities in commodities and related contracts, (vi) pestilence, technological change and weather, and (vii) the price volatility of a commodity. In addition, the commodities markets are subject to temporary distortions or other disruptions due to various factors, including lack of liquidity, participation of speculators and government intervention.

Inflation protected securities, such as Treasury Inflation Protection Securities (TIPS) and World Inflation Protected Securities (WIPS) feature coupon payments and underlying principal which are automatically increased to compensate for inflation by tracking the consumer price index (CPI). While the real rate of return is guaranteed, TIPS and WIPS tend to offer a low return. Because the return of TIPS and WIPS are linked to inflation, TIPS and WIPS may significantly underperform versus conventional U.S. Treasuries and other government securities in times of low inflation.

1 Including sales charges. As of deposit date.

2 Represents the value of 100 units on the deposit date. The value of the minimum investment amount of 100 units may be greater or less than \$1,000.00 following the deposit date.

3 Assuming a public offering price of \$10 per unit. There is no initial sales charge if the public offering price per unit is \$10 or less. If the public offering price per unit exceeds \$10, an initial sales charge is paid at the time of purchase. The per unit amount of the initial sales charge is 1.85% of the dollar amount that the public offering price per unit exceeds \$10.

**Before investing, investors should carefully read the prospectus and consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses. For this and more complete information about the trust(s), investors should ask their financial professional(s) for a prospectus or download one at [invesco.com/uit](https://www.invesco.com/uit).**

This does not constitute a recommendation of any investment strategy or product for a particular investor. Investors should consult a financial professional before making any investment decisions.

Invesco unit investment trusts are distributed by the Sponsor, Invesco Capital Markets, Inc. and broker dealers including Invesco Distributors, Inc. Both firms are indirect, wholly owned subsidiaries of Invesco Ltd.