

Invesco Limited Term California Municipal Fund

Q1 2026

Key takeaways

1 Fund performance
Invesco Limited Term California Municipal Fund Class A shares at net asset value (NAV) outperformed its style-specific index, the S&P Municipal California Investment Grade 4-7 Years Bond Index.

2 Seeking attractive opportunities through collaborative management
Invesco Municipal Bond team uses a collaborative management approach. Relying on our size and experience, we seek to identify the best opportunities to achieve potentially better outcomes for shareholders.

3 Analysis focused on creditworthiness
Our team uses a bottom-up fundamental credit process focused on creditworthiness of individual issuers with an overlay of macroeconomic factors to capitalize on market inefficiencies. Our process has been time tested over full market cycles.

Investment objective

The fund seeks tax-free income.

Fund facts

Fund AUM (\$M)	885.91
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Portfolio managers

Mark Paris, Elizabeth Mossow, Joshua Cooney, Julius Williams, Timothy O'Reilly

Manager perspective and outlook

- The first quarter saw mixed results in the municipal bond market, with investment grade, high yield and taxable municipals delivering returns of -0.18%, 0.71% and 0.43%, respectively.¹ In March, increased supply and geopolitical tensions offset much of the strong performance in the first two months of the quarter.¹
- New municipal issuance reached \$135 billion, 11% higher than the first quarter of 2025. Issuance was likely driven by significant US infrastructure needs, higher supply costs and reduced federal spending.¹
- Municipal mutual funds and exchange-traded funds (ETFs) had strong net inflows over the quarter, totaling approximately \$26 billion.²
- The US Federal Reserve (Fed) kept the federal funds rate steady during the quarter, reiterating its commitment to balancing maximum employment and a 2% inflation target.³
- We believe state and local government budgets remain on solid footing. While there has been a slowdown in credit rating upgrades, they still exceeded downgrades in the first quarter, highlighting in our view strong underlying fundamentals.¹
- Our research team is leveraging its deep credit expertise to actively seek out market dislocations that we believe can enhance shareholder outcomes.
- Looking ahead, we see compelling opportunities in municipals. Steady issuance and ongoing demand for tax-exempt income, combined with high absolute yields and solid fundamentals, support in our view a favorable investment environment.



Top holdings

(% of total market value)

City of Los Angeles CA 5.00 05/15/2041	1.90
City of Long Beach CA 5.00 05/15/2040	1.86
California Community Choice Financing Authority 5.00 02/01/2055	1.84
California Municipal Finance Authority 4.00 07/15/2029	1.77
Norman Y Mineta San Jose International Airport SJC 5.00 03/01/2047	1.71
San Francisco City & County Airport Comm-San Francisco Inter 5.00 05/01/2043	1.51
Tobacco Securitization Authority of Southern California 5.00 06/01/2048	1.39
State of California 5.00 08/01/2045	1.20
California Community Choice Financing Authority 5.00 03/01/2036	1.19
California Community Choice Financing Authority 5.00 08/01/2055	1.19

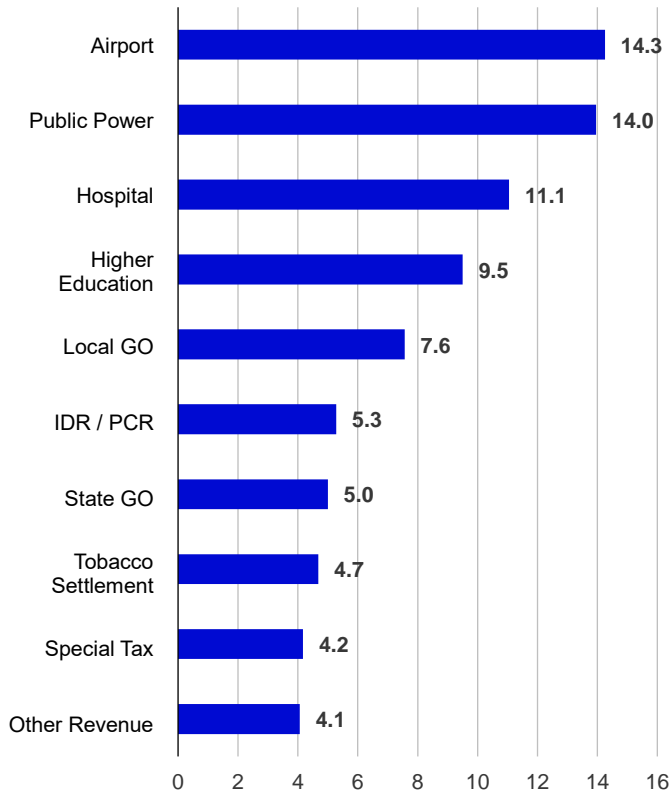
Portfolio positioning

Yield Curve and Duration Positioning: Overall, we maintain a constructive outlook on duration and are looking to selectively add securities in the 15- to 20-year range of the curve when appropriate and according to prospectus guidelines. We maintain an overweight in the shorter maturity segment of the yield curve given the fund's short duration mandate.

Sector Allocations: We maintain an overweight position in revenue bonds relative to state and local general obligation bonds, though we note that pension risks historically associated with general obligation bonds have generally been mitigated over the past several years. Within the revenue bond segment, the fund's largest exposures are in the airport, public power and higher education sectors.

Credit Conditions: We maintain a positive outlook on fundamentals in the municipal market, as credit rating upgrades have continued to outpace downgrades. While various sectors have come under pressure due to reduced federal support and inflation-driven cost pressures, we continue to rely on our extensive bottom-up research capabilities to identify strong credits with attractive yields.

Top sectors (% of total market value)



Portfolio characteristics*

	Fund	BM
Option adjusted duration (years)	4.57	4.29
Average effective maturity (years)	4.38	-
30-day SEC yield (Class A shares)	3.19	-
Tax equivalent 30-day SEC yield (Class A shares)	5.39	-
30-day SEC unsubsidized yields (Class A shares)	N/A	-
Number of positions	415	4,026
Alternative min. tax exposure (%)	24.98	-

Quality breakdown (% total)

Net cash & equiv.	0.5
Prere/ETM	0.6
AAA	0.6
AA	40.9
A	22.2
BBB	13.4
BB	7.6
B	1.3
Not Rated	12.9

Performance highlights

The first quarter began on a strong note with supportive market technicals and steady inflows. However, in March, rate volatility brought on by geopolitical events and weaker market technicals reversed much of the earlier gains. The Fed held rates steady, following three rate cuts in 2025. Yields on the short end of the municipal yield curve increased, with two- and five-year bond yields rising by 0.03% and 0.26%, respectively.⁴ Overall, higher quality municipal credits generally underperformed during the quarter.

Contributors to performance

Contributors to relative return this quarter included the following:

The fund's security selection was the largest driver of outperformance for the quarter. Security selection in the higher education, hospital and airport sectors added the most to relative return during the quarter. Bonds rated A and AA also added to relative performance.

Detractors from performance

Detractors from relative return this quarter included the following:

Security selection among general obligation bonds detracted from relative performance. An overweight in bonds with a duration of six years also detracted from relative performance.

Standardized performance (%) as of March 31, 2026

		Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	Since Inception
Class A shares inception: 02/25/04	NAV	0.48	0.48	3.97	2.98	1.20	2.36	3.31
	Max. Load 2.5%	-2.03	-2.03	1.35	2.11	0.66	2.11	3.18
Class R6 shares inception: 05/24/19	NAV	0.24	0.24	4.30	3.19	1.45	2.55	-
Class Y shares inception: 11/29/10	NAV	0.23	0.23	4.24	3.14	1.40	2.59	3.03
S&P Municipal California Investment Grade 4-7 Years Bond Index (USD)		-0.43	-0.43	4.19	2.68	1.04	1.67	-
Total return ranking vs. Morningstar Muni Single State Short category (Class A shares at NAV)		-	-	17% (7 of 27)	49% (13 of 25)	65% (16 of 24)	11% (4 of 19)	-

Expense ratios per the current prospectus: Class A: Net: 0.81%, Total: 0.81%; Class R6: Net: 0.50%, Total: 0.50%; Class Y: Net: 0.56%, Total: 0.56%.

Performance quoted is past performance and cannot guarantee comparable future results; current performance may be lower or higher. Visit [invesco.com](https://www.invesco.com) for the most recent month-end performance. Performance figures reflect reinvested distributions and changes in net asset value (NAV). Investment return and principal value will vary so that you may have a gain or a loss when you sell shares. Returns less than one year are cumulative; all others are annualized. Class R6, and Class Y shares have no sales charge; therefore, performance is at NAV. Performance shown prior to the inception date of Class R6 shares is that of Class A shares and includes the 12b-1 fees applicable to Class A shares. As the result of a reorganization on May 24, 2019, the returns of the fund for periods on or prior to May 24, 2019 reflect performance of the Oppenheimer predecessor fund. Share class returns will differ from the predecessor fund due to a change in expenses and sales charges. Index source: FactSet Research Systems Inc. Had fees not been waived and/or expenses reimbursed in the past, returns would have been lower. Performance shown at NAV does not include the applicable front-end sales charge, which would have reduced the performance.

Class Y and R6 shares have no sales charge; therefore performance is at NAV. Class Y shares are available only to certain investors. Class R6 shares are closed to most investors. Please see the prospectus for more details.

Performance highlights (cont'd)

Calendar year total returns (%)

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Class A shares at NAV	2.28	-1.08	7.26	7.34	3.77	1.66	-5.88	3.78	2.33	3.64
Class R6 shares at NAV	2.28	-1.08	7.26	7.18	4.09	1.99	-5.60	4.44	2.64	3.97
Class Y shares at NAV	2.53	-0.83	7.17	7.91	4.01	1.92	-5.61	4.05	2.59	3.92
S&P Municipal California Investment Grade 4-7 Years Bond Index (USD)	-0.63	3.10	1.83	5.18	4.11	-0.02	-5.21	4.10	1.26	5.12

Unless otherwise specified, all information is as of 03/31/26. Unless stated otherwise, Index refers to S&P Municipal California Investment Grade 4-7 Years Bond Index (USD).

S&P Municipal California Investment Grade 4-7 Years Bond Index is a sub-set of the broad S&P Municipal Bond Index. This index of market value-weighted investment grade U.S. municipal bonds seeks to measure the performance of California issued U.S. municipals whose maturities are between 4 and 7 years. An investment cannot be made directly in an index.

The Global Industry Classification Standard was developed by and is the exclusive property and service mark of MSCI, Inc. and Standard & Poor's.

About Risk

All or a portion of the Fund's otherwise tax-exempt income may be subject to the federal alternative minimum tax.

The Fund may use leverage to seek to enhance income, which creates the likelihood of greater volatility of the Fund's shares and may also impair the ability to maintain its qualification for federal income tax purposes as a regulated investment company.

An issuer may be unable to meet interest and/or principal payments, thereby causing its instruments to decrease in value and lowering the issuer's credit rating.

Derivatives may be more volatile and less liquid than traditional investments and are subject to market, interest rate, credit, leverage, counterparty, and management risks. An investment in a derivative could lose more than the cash amount invested.

Certain of the municipalities in which the Fund invests, including Puerto Rico, currently experience significant financial difficulties. Puerto Rico's economic problems increase the risk of investing in Puerto Rican municipal obligations, including the risk of potential issuer default, heightens the risk that the prices of Puerto Rican municipal obligations, and the Fund's net asset value, will experience greater volatility. See the prospectus for more information.

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that bond prices generally fall as interest rates rise and vice versa.

Inverse floating rate obligations may be subject to greater price volatility than a fixed income security with similar qualities. When short-term interest rates rise, they may decrease in value and produce less or no income and are subject to risks similar to derivatives.

Junk bonds have greater risk of default or price changes due to changes in the issuer's credit quality. Junk bond values fluctuate more than high quality bonds and can decline significantly over a short time.

The investment techniques and risk analysis used by the portfolio managers may not produce the desired results.

The Fund may invest in municipal securities issued by entities having similar characteristics, which may make the fund more susceptible to fluctuation.

Municipal securities have the risk that legislative or economic conditions could affect an issuer's ability to make principal and/or interest payments.

The Fund will invest in bonds with short- or intermediate-term (five years or less) maturity which may have additional risks, including interest rate changes over the life of the bond. The average maturity of the Fund's investments will affect the volatility of the Fund's share price.

Because the Fund invests primarily in a portfolio of one state's municipal securities, the Fund is more susceptible to political, economic, regulatory or other factors affecting that state than a Fund that does not limit its investments to such issuers.

There is no guarantee that the Fund's income will be exempt from federal and state income taxes.

Based on a Master Settlement Agreement ("MSA") with 46 states and six other US jurisdictions, large US tobacco manufacturers have agreed to make annual payments to government entities in exchange for the release of all litigation claims. Several states have sold bonds backed by those future payments, including (i) bonds that make payments only from a state's interest in the MSA and (ii) bonds that make payments from both the MSA revenue and from an "appropriation pledge" by the state which requires the state to pass a specific periodic appropriation to make the payments and is generally not an unconditional guarantee of payment by a state. Settlement payments are based on factors, including, but not limited to, annual domestic cigarette shipments, cigarette consumption, inflation and the financial capability of participating tobacco companies. Payments could be reduced if consumption decreases, if market share is lost to non-MSA manufacturers, or if there is a negative outcome in litigation regarding the MSA, including challenges by participating tobacco manufacturers regarding the amount of annual payments owed under the MSA.

The Fund is subject to certain other risks. Please see the current prospectus for more information regarding the risks associated with an investment in the Fund.

The opinions expressed are those of the fund's portfolio management, are based on current market conditions and are subject to change without notice. These opinions may differ from those of other Invesco investment professionals.

This does not constitute a recommendation of any investment strategy or product for a particular investor. Investors should consult a financial professional before making any investment decisions.

Note: Not all products available at all firms. Financial professionals, please contact your home office.

Ratings source: Standard & Poor's, Moody's or Fitch, as applicable. A credit rating is an assessment provided by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO) of the creditworthiness of an issuer with respect to debt obligations, including specific securities, money market instruments or other debts. Ratings are measured on a scale that generally ranges from AAA (highest) to D (lowest); ratings are subject to change without notice. Not Rated (NR) indicates the debtor was not rated and should not be interpreted as indicating low quality. A negative in Cash indicates fund activity that has accrued or is pending settlement. Pre-Refunded/Escrowed to Maturity (Prerefunded/ETM) bonds are issues backed by an escrow account, invested in US Treasuries, which is used to pay bondholders. Other includes bonds rated below single B and bonds currently not paying a coupon. For more information on rating methodologies, please visit the following NRSRO websites: www.standardandpoors.com and select 'Understanding Credit Ratings' under Rating Resources 'About Ratings' on the homepage; <https://ratings.moodys.io/ratings> and select 'Understanding Ratings' on the homepage; www.fitchratings.com and select 'Ratings Definitions Criteria' under 'Resources' on the homepage. Then select 'Rating Definitions' under 'Resources' on the 'Contents' menu.

The fund holdings are organized according to the Global Industry Classification Standard, which was developed by and is the exclusive property and service mark of MSCI Inc. and Standard & Poor's.

* **30-day SEC yield** is based on a 30-day period and is computed by dividing the net investment income per share earned during the period by the maximum offering price per share on the last day of the period. **30-day SEC unsubsidized yield** reflects the 30-day yield if the investment adviser were not waiving all or part of its fee or reimbursing the fund for part of its expenses. Total return would have also been lower in the absence of these temporary reimbursements or waivers. **Option adjusted duration** is a measure, as estimated by the fund's portfolio managers, of a bond fund's price sensitivity to changes in interest rates. It takes into account mortgage prepayments, puts, adjustable coupons and potential call dates. **Tax equivalent 30-day SEC yield** quoted above is based on the 2026 top federal tax rate of 40.8%, including the 3.8% tax on earned income under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, as applicable. Had fees not been waived and/or expenses reimbursed, the yield would have been lower. **Average effective maturity** is a weighted average of all the maturities of the bonds in a portfolio, computed by weighting each bond's effective maturity by the market value of the security. It takes into account mortgage prepayments, puts, adjustable coupons and potential call dates.

1. Source: Bloomberg L.P., as of March 31, 2026.

2. Source: Lipper, as of April 2, 2026.

3. Source: US Federal Reserve, as of March 18, 2026.

4. Source: Thomson Reuters, as of March 31, 2026.

Morningstar

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Before investing, consider the Fund's investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses. Visit [invesco.com/fundprospectus](https://www.invesco.com/fundprospectus) for a prospectus/summary prospectus containing this information. Read it carefully before investing.