

# Invesco Short Term Bond Fund

## Q2 2025

## Key takeaways

### 1 Potential to lock in yields

Bond yields, though down from their highs, are still at attractive levels compared to the last 10 years, in our view. Investors can lock in these yields for years to come by investing in high grade bonds before interest rates come down further.

### 2 Picking your spots

We believe numerous important factors enhance the attractiveness of investment grade credit. We observe that yield spreads between Treasuries and non-Treasury sectors have been tight, which makes our credit underwriting and security selection even more important.

### 3 Beating the crowd

Investors have amassed large amounts in cash and money markets (Source: St. Louis Fed. Data as of 12/31/24). As US Federal Reserve (Fed) rate cutting resumes and interest rates fall, cash will likely move to risk assets, pushing bond prices up and yields down. Timing a move is hard, but for now, investors are in our view being paid to wait in fixed income.

### Investment objective

The fund seeks total return, comprised of current income and capital appreciation.

### Fund facts

Fund AUM (\$M)	2,034.29
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### Portfolio managers

Michael Hyman, Chuck Burge,  
Matthew Brill, Todd Schomberg

## Manager perspective and outlook

- Global economic outlooks weakened in the quarter, spurred by the Trump administration's announcement of widespread tariffs, which sparked significant volatility and negative pressure on risk assets. After substantial disruption, a 90-day tariff pause, alongside trade deals with the UK and China, seemed to settle markets and reduce short-term recession risk. Market attention later appeared to turn to economic growth, weaker but still solid US labor data, and Middle East tensions.
- The yield curve steepened during the quarter, signaling expectations for Fed interest rate cuts in the near future and seemingly greater confidence in shorter term versus longer term bonds. The Fed maintained its target range for the federal funds rate, citing caution due to tariff uncertainty. Spreads between Treasuries and US investment grade bonds widened after the initial tariff news but tightened near quarter end as markets recovered and sentiment appeared to improve.
- Our outlook for bonds is constructive. An easing of tariff changes has seemingly lowered recession risk, supporting asset performance. Elevated yields appear to have attracted buyers despite volatility. Interest rate stability, if it materializes, would likely further support demand. However, we still expect US growth to slow as tariffs are likely to remain higher than recent history and lower immigration may impede labor force growth. Economic uncertainty has risen and will likely contribute to volatility going forward.



## Portfolio characteristics\*

	Fund	Index
Effective duration (yrs)	2.10	1.88
Coupon (%)	4.78	3.19
30-day SEC yield (Class C shares)	4.04	-
30-day SEC unsubsidized yield (Class C shares)	4.00	-

## Investment categories (%)

	Portfolio	Index
<b>Corporate Bonds</b>	<b>49.73</b>	<b>18.89</b>
US Investment Grade Bonds	45.11	18.80
US High Yield Bonds	4.62	0.08
<b>Securitized</b>	<b>25.48</b>	<b>0.00</b>
MBS	10.52	0.00
ABS	9.93	0.00
CMBS	5.03	0.00
<b>Non-US Debt</b>	<b>19.53</b>	<b>8.44</b>
Non-US Investment Grade Bonds	15.54	4.43
Emerging Market Debt	2.43	0.74
Sovereign Debt	1.24	3.27
Non-US High Yield Bonds	0.33	0.00
<b>Government Bonds</b>	<b>2.09</b>	<b>71.04</b>
US Treasuries	2.09	71.04
<b>Municipal Bonds</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.34</b>
<b>Cash &amp; Cash Equivalent</b>	<b>2.70</b>	<b>0.00</b>
<b>Others</b>	<b>0.47</b>	<b>1.29</b>

## Portfolio positioning

We maintain a positive outlook for investment grade credit and increased the fund's overweight during the quarter. Yield spreads between Treasuries and investment grade bonds tightened toward quarter end, but elevated yields have seemingly continued to attract buyers. Based on the segment's health, we believe investment grade corporates remain attractive on a risk-adjusted basis. In our view, corporate fundamentals remain firm, the yield backdrop appears attractive, and lower average dollar prices for bonds across the index present discounted buying opportunities, potentially enhancing downside protection for bondholders.

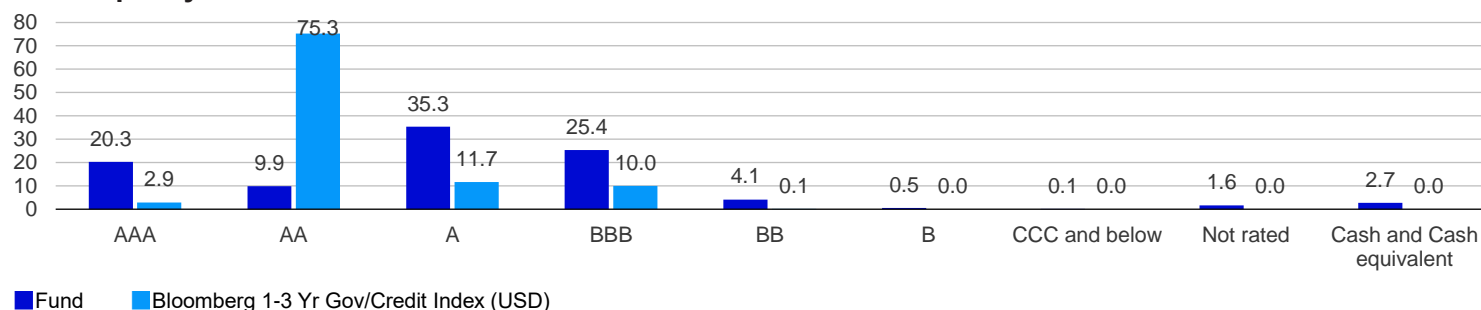
Additionally, we believe investment grade corporates should perform well in our base case of an economic soft landing or in a recession scenario. In a soft landing, interest rates would come down more slowly and investors would continue to earn higher yields for longer. In a recession, the Fed would likely cut rates faster thus accelerating bond returns via duration exposure. We also believe the credit market seems "under-invested," with significant cash on the sidelines or in money markets as investors appear cautious amid elevated policy risk. As policy becomes clearer, we believe cash could flow into bond markets, boosting demand and providing a technical tailwind for credit assets.

Within the investment grade corporate segment, we maintain an overweight in financials, particularly in the banking sector. Compared to both industrial credits and the broader US investment grade credit segment, we see that yield spreads in the banking and financial sector have remained wider than their long-term median level.

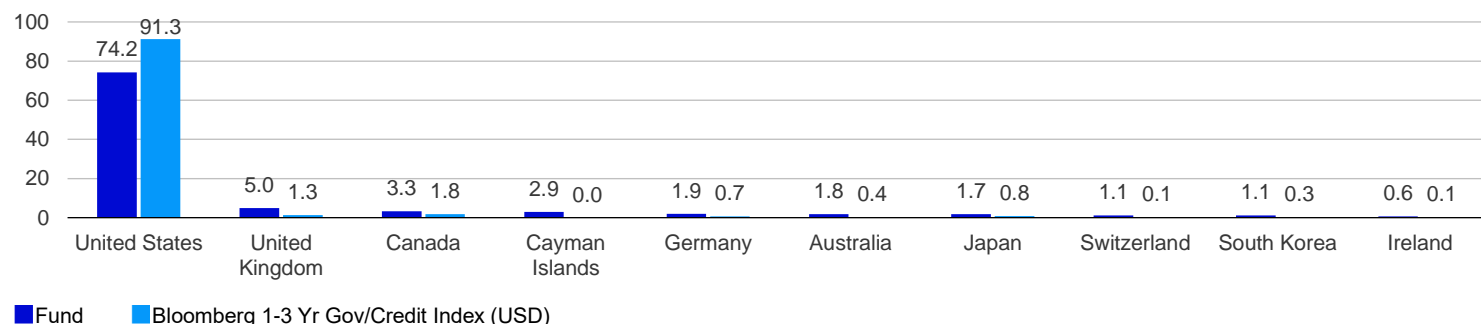
During the quarter, we increased the fund's overweights in high-yield corporate and emerging market debt, which are not in the benchmark, based on a more supportive economic environment. Yields and income are in our view attractive; however, we believe diligence is critical given potential for heightened volatility.

We kept the fund's duration fairly neutral compared to the benchmark, lengthening it due to potential slowing of US growth and as a hedge to credit risk.

## Credit quality breakdown (% total)



## Top countries (% of total net assets)



Top contributors (bps)		
Issuer	Return	Contrib. to return
BRANDYWINE OPERATING PARTNERSHIP L	549.30	1.02
CVS HEALTH CORP	379.55	0.78
LITHIA MOTORS INC	357.96	0.72
GOLDMAN SACHS GROUP INC/THE	129.96	0.68
PIEDMONT OFFICE REALTY TRUST INC	314.61	0.59

Top detractors (bps)		
Issuer	Return	Contrib. to return
TWITTER INC	-402.57	-2.02
OFFICE PROPERTIES INCOME TRUST	-901.36	-0.46
EQT CORP	37.10	-0.38
VENTURE GLOBAL LNG INC	1053.22	-0.31
EQM MIDSTREAM PARTNERS LP	43.47	-0.29

## Performance highlights

Invesco Short Term Bond Fund Class A shares at net asset value (NAV) had a positive return for the quarter and outperformed its benchmark, the Bloomberg US Govt/Credit 1-3Yr Index.

### Contributors to performance

**Security selection:** Security selection in the consumer cyclical and capital goods sub-sectors positively affected relative performance.

**Sector allocation:** Overweights within the banking and insurance sub-sectors added to relative performance.

**Securitized assets:** Overweights in asset-backed securities (ABS), commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS) and collateralized mortgage obligations (CMO) positively affected relative performance.

### Detractors from performance

**Security selection:** Security selection in the communications and natural gas sub-sectors negatively affected relative performance.

**Treasuries:** An underweight in Treasuries negatively affected relative return.

## Standardized performance (%) as of June 30, 2025

		Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	Since Inception
Class C shares inception: 08/30/02	NAV	1.28	2.73	5.99	4.39	1.79	1.89	2.07
Class A shares inception: 04/30/04	NAV	1.37	2.91	6.36	4.75	2.17	2.17	2.11
	Max. Load 2.5%	-1.19	0.30	3.64	3.85	1.65	1.92	1.98
Class R6 shares inception: 09/24/12	NAV	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Class Y shares inception: 10/03/08	NAV	1.41	2.86	6.38	4.86	2.30	2.33	2.39
Bloomberg 1-3 Yr Gov/Credit Index (USD)		1.27	2.92	5.94	3.75	1.58	1.84	-
Total return ranking vs. Morningstar Short-Term Bond category (Class C shares at NAV)		-	-	77% (417 of 556)	60% (288 of 527)	68% (302 of 484)	80% (266 of 371)	-

Expense ratios per the current prospectus: Class C\*\*: Net: 1.00%, Total: 1.15%; Class A: Net: 0.65%, Total: 0.65%; Class R6: Net: [[ERNetClassR6]]%, Total: [[ERTotClassR6]]%; Class Y: Net: 0.50%, Total: 0.50%.

Performance quoted is past performance and cannot guarantee comparable future results; current performance may be lower or higher. Visit [invesco.com](https://www.invesco.com) for the most recent month-end performance. Performance figures reflect reinvested distributions and changes in net asset value (NAV). Investment return and principal value will vary so that you may have a gain or a loss when you sell shares. Returns less than one year are cumulative; all others are annualized. Index source: RIMES Technologies Corp. Had fees not been waived and/or expenses reimbursed in the past, returns would have been lower. Performance shown at NAV does not include the applicable front-end sales charge, which would have reduced the performance.

Class Y and R6 shares have no sales charge; therefore performance is at NAV. Class Y shares are available only to certain investors. Class R6 shares are closed to most investors. Please see the prospectus for more details.

## Performance highlights (cont'd)

### Calendar year total returns (%)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Class C shares at NAV	0.21	2.49	1.39	0.35	4.56	2.94	-0.49	-5.02	5.35	4.92
Class A shares at NAV	0.56	2.85	1.74	0.70	5.05	3.22	-0.17	-4.69	5.71	5.28
Class Y shares at NAV	0.72	3.00	1.90	0.86	5.21	3.39	-0.02	-4.54	5.86	5.57
Bloomberg 1-3 Yr Gov/Credit Index (USD)	0.65	1.28	0.84	1.60	4.03	3.33	-0.47	-3.69	4.61	4.36

\*\* Net = Total annual operating expenses less any contractual fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements by the adviser in effect through at least June 30, 2026.

Unless otherwise specified, all information is as of 06/30/25. Unless stated otherwise, Index refers to Bloomberg 1-3 Yr Gov/Credit Index (USD).

The Bloomberg Barclays 1–3 Year Government/Credit Index is an unmanaged index that is considered representative of performance of short-term U.S. corporate bonds and U.S. government bonds with maturities from one to three years. An investment cannot be made directly in an index.

### About Risk

Risks of collateralized loan obligations include the possibility that the collateral securities' distributions won't be adequate to make interest or other payments, the collateral quality may decline in value or default, the collateralized loan obligations may be subordinate to other classes, values may be volatile, and issuer disputes may produce unexpected investment results.

An issuer may be unable to meet interest and/or principal payments, thereby causing its instruments to decrease in value and lowering the issuer's credit rating.

Derivatives may be more volatile and less liquid than traditional investments and are subject to market, interest rate, credit, leverage, counterparty, and management risks. An investment in a derivative could lose more than the cash amount invested.

The risks of investing in securities of foreign issuers, including emerging markets, can include fluctuations in foreign currencies, political and economic instability, and foreign taxation issues. Developing markets may especially be volatile.

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that bond prices generally fall as interest rates rise and vice versa.

Junk bonds have greater risk of default or price changes due to changes in the issuer's credit quality. Junk bond values fluctuate more than high quality bonds and can decline significantly over a short time.

Mortgage- and asset-backed securities are subject to prepayment or call risk, which is the risk that the borrower's payments may be received earlier or later than expected due to changes in prepayment rates on underlying loans. Securities may be prepaid at a price less than the original purchase value.

Municipal securities are subject to the risk that legislative or economic conditions could affect an issuer's ability to make principal and/or interest payments.

Obligations issued by US Government agencies and instrumentalities may receive varying levels of support from the government, which could affect the fund's ability to recover should they default.

The Fund is subject to certain other risks. Please see the current prospectus for more information regarding the risks associated with an investment in the Fund.

The opinions expressed are those of the fund's portfolio management, are based on current market conditions and are subject to change without notice. These opinions may differ from those of other Invesco investment professionals.

This does not constitute a recommendation of any investment strategy or product for a particular investor. Investors should consult a financial professional before making any investment decisions.

Note: Not all products available at all firms. Financial professionals, please contact your home office.

Ratings source: Standard & Poor's, Moody's or Fitch, as applicable. A credit rating is an assessment provided by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO) of the creditworthiness of an issuer with respect to debt obligations, including specific securities, money market instruments or other debts. Ratings are measured on a scale that generally ranges from AAA (highest) to D (lowest); ratings are subject to change without notice. Not Rated indicates the debtor was not rated and should not be interpreted as indicating low quality. A negative in Cash indicates fund activity that has accrued or is pending settlement. For more information on rating methodologies, please visit the following NRSRO websites:

www.standardandpoors.com and select 'Understanding Credit Ratings' under Rating Resources 'About Ratings' on the homepage; <https://ratings.moody's.io/ratings> and select 'Understanding Ratings' on the homepage; [www.fitchratings.com](https://www.fitchratings.com) and select 'Ratings Definitions Criteria' under 'Resources' on the homepage. Then select 'Rating Definitions' under 'Resources' on the 'Contents' menu.

The fund holdings are organized according to the Global Industry Classification Standard, which was developed by and is the exclusive property and service mark of MSCI Inc. and Standard & Poor's.

\* **Effective duration** is the managers' estimate of a bond fund's price sensitivity to changes in interest rates. This measure takes into account mortgage prepayments, puts, adjustable coupons and potential call dates. **Contribution to Return** measures the performance impact from portfolio holdings over a defined time period. It takes into account both weight and performance of the portfolio holdings. Contribution to Return is calculated at security level.

### Morningstar

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**Before investing, consider the Fund's investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses. Visit [invesco.com/fundprospectus](https://invesco.com/fundprospectus) for a prospectus/summary prospectus containing this information. Read it carefully before investing.**