Invesco Limited Term Municipal Income Fund
Q3 2023

Key takeaways

1. Fund performance
   Invesco Limited Term Municipal Income Fund Class A shares at net asset value (NAV) outperformed its style-specific index, the S&P Municipal Bond Investment Grade Short Intermediate Index.

2. Seeking attractive opportunities through collaborative management
   Invesco Municipal Bond team uses a collaborative management approach. Relying on our size and experience, we seek to identify the best opportunities to achieve potentially better outcomes for shareholders.

3. Analysis focused on creditworthiness
   Our team uses a bottom-up fundamental credit process focused on creditworthiness of individual issuers with an overlay of macroeconomic factors to capitalize on market inefficiencies. Our process has been time tested over full market cycles.

Investment objective
The fund seeks federal tax-exempt current income.

Fund facts
| Fund AUM ($M) | 3,093.90 |

Portfolio managers
Jack Connelly, John Schorle, Joshua Cooney, Julius Williams, Mark Paris, Michael Magee, Rebecca Setcavage, Tim O'Reilly

Manager perspective and outlook
- Disinflation continued in most developed economies, including the US, where the economy remained resilient, helped by strong labor markets.
- In July, the Federal Reserve (Fed) raised the federal funds rate by 0.25% to 5.50%, the highest level since 2007. The Fed held rates steady in September, but kept its tight monetary stance, prompting municipal and Treasury markets to sell off. Five- and 10-year US Treasury yields rose to their highest levels since 2007, and the 30-year US Treasury yield hit its highest point since 2011.
- Municipal fund outflows were $3.9 billion during the quarter and $12.0 billion year-to-date.
- New issuance was in line with the third quarter of 2022 at $95 billion. Year-to-date new issuance fell 10% year-over-year to $270 billion.
- Robust tax revenues and effects of federal pandemic aid continued to bolster municipal issuers as credit upgrades outpaced downgrades by a ratio as high as 6 to 1 over the past nine quarters.
- Once Fed rate hikes are in the rearview, we believe high absolute yields, low issuance, strong fundamentals and investor migration out of cash will present positive opportunities for municipal bonds.
- Looking ahead, we expect a “bumpy landing” – a brief and shallow economic slowdown brought on by the Fed’s aggressive monetary policy tightening, with the US likely to avoid a substantial broad-based recession.
Top holdings
(% of total net asset)
City of Houston TX 5.00 1.37
11/15/2036
Rib Floater Trust Various States 0.83 4.37 12/01/2045
State of Texas 5.00 10/01/2036 0.83
Illinois State Toll Highway Authority 5.00 01/01/2038 0.82
Black Belt Energy Gas District 4.00 10/01/2049 0.78
Colorado Health Facilities Authority 5.00 12/01/2036 0.70
Washington Health Care Facilities Authority 5.00 10/01/2042 0.69
Kentucky Public Energy Authority 4.00 04/01/2048 0.68
Metropolitan Government Nashville & Davidson County Health & 5.00 07/01/2035 0.68
Commonwealth of Puerto Rico 5.38 07/01/2025 0.67

Portfolio positioning

Yield Curve and Duration Positioning: Overall, we maintain a constructive view on duration. We continue to look for opportunities to extend duration. We are also using a barbell strategy with variable rate demand notes (VRDNs) on one side and short call premium coupon bonds on the other. The municipal curve has remained inverted out through five years (shorter maturity bonds yield more than longer maturity bonds) and has been steep in the 10- to 15-year part of the curve.

Sector Allocations: We continue to maintain an overweight position in revenue bonds relative to state and local general obligation bonds. Within the revenue bond segment, the fund’s largest exposures are in the hospital, dedicated tax and water/sewer sectors.

Credit Conditions: The fund’s management team maintains a constructive view of fundamentals in the municipal market. The health care sector has been most affected by higher inflation and labor costs, but it has been a sector where we have found pockets of opportunities through extensive bottom-up research.
Performance highlights
The quarter was marked by interest rates continuing to rise due to economic strength and by persistent inflation, which caused the 2-year, 10-year and 30-year Treasury yields to rise by 0.17%, 0.73% and 0.84%, respectively. As a result, all sectors of the municipal market had negative returns. Despite negative returns for both the fund and the municipal market during the quarter, the fund’s performance was in line with or better than its index depending on share class.

Contributors to performance
This quarter’s contributors to relative return included the following:

Security selection and an overweight allocation in holdings with durations of less than one year added to return. The fund’s underweight in local general obligation bonds also contributed.

The fund’s barbell positioning was the primary driver of outperformance relative to the benchmark during the quarter, particularly the underweight exposure in bonds with durations between two and six years.

Detractors from performance
This quarter’s detractors from relative return included the following:

Overweight exposure in bonds with durations of seven years and longer was the main detractor. Holdings in a few hospital and public power bonds domiciled in Washington state also detracted.

Quality breakdown (% total)

Net cash & equiv. 1.4
Prere/ETM 1.5
AAA 17.7
AA 40.1
A 27.4
BBB 6.9
BB 1.4
B 0.0
Not Rated 3.6

Portfolio characteristics*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Options adjusted</th>
<th>Fund</th>
<th>BM</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>duration (years)</td>
<td>4.03</td>
<td>3.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average effective</td>
<td>4.15</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>maturity (years)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30-day SEC yield (Class A shares)</td>
<td>3.31</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tax equivalent</td>
<td>5.59</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>30-day SEC yield (Class A shares)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30-day SEC unsubsidized yields (Class A shares)</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>Number of positions</td>
<td>751</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>Alternative min. tax exposure (%)</td>
<td>0.00</td>
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Standardized performance (%) as of September 30, 2023

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class A shares inception: 10/31/02</th>
<th>NAV</th>
<th>-1.51</th>
<th>0.07</th>
<th>2.26</th>
<th>-0.55</th>
<th>1.15</th>
<th>1.38</th>
<th>2.58</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Load 2.5%</td>
<td>-3.96</td>
<td>-2.42</td>
<td>-0.32</td>
<td>-1.40</td>
<td>0.63</td>
<td>1.12</td>
<td>2.46</td>
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<tr>
<td>Class R6 shares inception: 04/04/17</td>
<td>NAV</td>
<td>-1.35</td>
<td>0.30</td>
<td>2.66</td>
<td>-0.21</td>
<td>1.48</td>
<td>1.59</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>Class Y shares inception: 10/03/08</td>
<td>NAV</td>
<td>-1.36</td>
<td>0.26</td>
<td>2.61</td>
<td>-0.27</td>
<td>1.42</td>
<td>1.64</td>
<td>2.92</td>
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<tr>
<td>S&amp;P Municipal Bond Investment Grade Short Intermediate Index (USD)</td>
<td>-1.62</td>
<td>-0.58</td>
<td>2.02</td>
<td>-1.23</td>
<td>1.05</td>
<td>1.33</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total return ranking vs. Morningstar</td>
<td>-</td>
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<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>Muni National Short category</td>
<td>-</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>(Class A shares at NAV)</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
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<th>Quarter</th>
<th>YTD</th>
<th>1 Year</th>
<th>3 Years</th>
<th>5 Years</th>
<th>10 Years</th>
<th>Since inception</th>
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Expense ratios per the current prospectus: Class A: Net: 0.58%, Total: 0.58%; Class R6: Net: 0.27%, Total: 0.27%; Class Y: Net: 0.33%, Total: 0.33%.

Performance quoted is past performance and cannot guarantee comparable future results; current performance may be lower or higher. Visit invesco.com for the most recent month-end performance. Performance figures reflect reinvested distributions and changes in net asset value (NAV). Investment return and principal value will vary so that you may have a gain or a loss when you sell shares. Returns less than one year are cumulative; all others are annualized. Performance shown prior to the inception date of Class R6 shares is that of Class A shares and includes the 12b-1 fees applicable to Class A shares. Index source: RIMES Technologies Corp. Had fees not been waived and/or expenses reimbursed in the past, returns would have been lower. Performance shown at NAV does not include the applicable front-end sales charge, which would have reduced the performance.

Class Y and R6 shares have no sales charge; therefore performance is at NAV. Class Y shares are available only to certain investors. Class R6 shares are closed to most investors. Please see the prospectus for more details.
Performance highlights (cont’d)

Calendar year total returns (%)

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<td>Class A shares at NAV</td>
<td>-0.77</td>
<td>4.39</td>
<td>1.40</td>
<td>-0.56</td>
<td>2.43</td>
<td>0.88</td>
<td>4.18</td>
<td>3.38</td>
<td>0.41</td>
<td>-2.95</td>
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<tr>
<td>Class R6 shares at NAV</td>
<td>-0.77</td>
<td>4.39</td>
<td>1.40</td>
<td>-0.56</td>
<td>2.69</td>
<td>1.20</td>
<td>4.51</td>
<td>3.71</td>
<td>0.72</td>
<td>-2.57</td>
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<tr>
<td>Class Y shares at NAV</td>
<td>-0.52</td>
<td>4.56</td>
<td>1.74</td>
<td>-0.39</td>
<td>2.68</td>
<td>1.22</td>
<td>4.34</td>
<td>3.73</td>
<td>0.57</td>
<td>-2.63</td>
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<tr>
<td>S&amp;P Municipal Bond Investment Grade Short Intermediate Index (USD)</td>
<td>0.63</td>
<td>2.93</td>
<td>1.99</td>
<td>-0.02</td>
<td>2.39</td>
<td>1.68</td>
<td>4.72</td>
<td>3.59</td>
<td>0.35</td>
<td>-4.01</td>
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Unless otherwise specified, all information is as of 09/30/23. Unless stated otherwise, Index refers to S&P Municipal Bond Investment Grade Short Intermediate Index (USD).

S&P Municipal Bond Investment Grade Short Intermediate Index consists of bonds in the S&P Municipal Bond Index with a min maturity of 1 year and a max of 8 years. An investment cannot be made directly in an index.

The Global Industry Classification Standard was developed by and is the exclusive property and service mark of MSCI Inc. and Standard & Poor’s.

About risk

An issuer may be unable to meet interest and/or principal payments, thereby causing its instruments to decrease in value and lowering the issuer’s credit rating. Derivatives may be more volatile and less liquid than traditional investments and are subject to market, interest rate, credit, leverage, counterparty, and management risks. An investment in a derivative could lose more than the cash amount invested.

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that bond prices generally fall as interest rates rise and vice versa.

Invert floating rate obligations may be subject to greater price volatility than a fixed income security with similar qualities. When short-term interest rates rise, they may decrease in value and produce less or no income and are subject to risks similar to derivatives.

Junk bonds have greater risk of default or price changes due to changes in the issuer’s credit quality. Junk bond values fluctuate more than high quality bonds and can decline significantly over a short time.

Securities which are in the medium- and lower-grade categories generally offer higher yields than are offered by higher-grade securities of similar maturity, but they also generally involve more volatility and greater risks, such as greater credit risk, market risk, liquidity risk, management risk, and regulatory risk.

The fund may invest in municipal securities issued by entities having similar characteristics, which may make the fund more susceptible to fluctuation.

Municipal securities are subject to the risk that legislative or economic conditions could affect an issuer’s ability to make principal and/or interest payments.

There is no guarantee that the Fund’s income will be exempt from federal and state income taxes.

Based on a Master Settlement Agreement (“MSA”) with 46 states and six other US jurisdictions, large US tobacco manufacturers have agreed to make annual payments to government entities in exchange for the release of all litigation claims. Several states have sold bonds backed by those future payments, including (i) bonds that make payments only from a state’s interest in the MSA and (ii) bonds that make payments from both the MSA revenue and from an “appropriation pledge” by the state which requires the state to pass a specific periodic appropriation to make the payments and is generally not an unconditional guarantee of payment by a state. Settlement payments are based on factors, including, but not limited to, annual domestic cigarette shipments, cigarette consumption, inflation and the financial capability of participating tobacco companies. Payments could be reduced if consumption decreases, if market share is lost to non-MSA manufacturers, or if there is a negative outcome in litigation regarding the MSA, including challenges by participating tobacco manufacturers regarding the amount of annual payments owed under the MSA.

The fund is subject to certain other risks. Please see the current prospectus for more information regarding the risks associated with an investment in the fund.

The opinions expressed are those of the fund’s portfolio management, are based on current market conditions and are subject to change without notice. These opinions may differ from those of other Invesco investment professionals.

The investment techniques and risk analysis used by the portfolio managers may not produce the desired results.

This does not constitute a recommendation of any investment strategy or product for a particular investor.

Investors should consult a financial professional before making any investment decisions.

Note: Not all products available at all firms. Financial professionals, please contact your home office.

Ratings source: Standard & Poor’s, Moody’s or Fitch, as applicable. A credit rating is an assessment provided by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO) of the creditworthiness of an issuer with respect to debt obligations, including specific securities, money market instruments or other debts. Ratings are measured on a scale that generally ranges from AAA (highest) to D (lowest); ratings are subject to change without notice. Not Rated indicates the debtor was not rated and should not be interpreted as indicating low quality. A negative in Cash indicates fund activity that has accrued or is pending settlement. Pre-Retired/Escrowed to Maturity (Prerefunded/ETM) bonds are issued backed by an escrow account, invested in US Treasuries, which is used to pay bondholders. Other includes bonds rated below single B and bonds currently not paying a coupon. For more information on rating methodologies, please visit the following NRSRO websites: www.standardandpoors.com and select 'Understanding Credit Ratings' under Rating Resources ‘About Ratings’ on the homepage; www.ratings.moodys.com and select ‘Rating Methodologies’ under Research and Ratings on the homepage; www.fitchratings.com and select ‘Ratings Definitions Criteria’ under ‘Resources’ on the homepage. Then select ‘Rating Definitions’ under ‘Resources’ on the ‘Contents’ menu.

The fund holdings are organized according to the Global Industry Classification Standard, which was developed by and is the exclusive property and service mark of MSCI Inc. and Standard & Poor’s.
* 30-day SEC yield is based on a 30-day period and is computed by dividing the net investment income per share earned during the period by the maximum offering price per share on the last day of the period. 30-day SEC unsubsidized yield reflects the 30-day yield if the investment adviser were not waiving all or part of its fee or reimbursing the fund for part of its expenses. Total return would have also been lower in the absence of these temporary reimbursements or waivers. Effective duration is the managers’ estimate of a bond fund’s price sensitivity to changes in interest rates. This measure takes into account mortgage prepayments, puts, adjustable coupons and potential call dates. Option adjusted duration is a measure, as estimated by the fund’s portfolio managers, of a bond fund’s price sensitivity to changes in interest rates. It takes into account mortgage prepayments, puts, adjustable coupons and potential call dates. Tax equivalent 30-day SEC yield quoted above is based on the 2023 top federal tax rate of 40.8%, including the 3.8% tax on earned income under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, as applicable. Had fees not been waived and/or expenses reimbursed, the yield would have been lower.

1. Source: Federal Reserve
2. Source: Lipper
3. Source: Bloomberg L.P.
4. Source: Standard & Poor’s

Before investing, consider the Fund’s investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses. Visit invesco.com/fundprospectus for a prospectus/summary prospectus containing this information. Read it carefully before investing.