

# Select S&P Core Portfolio 2025-3

## Trust specifics

<b>Deposit information</b>	
Public offering price per unit <sup>1</sup>	\$10.00
Minimum investment (\$250 for IRAs) <sup>2</sup>	\$1,000.00
Deposit date	07/09/25
Termination date	10/08/26
Distribution dates	25th day of each month
Record dates	10th day of each month
Term of trust	15 months
Symbol	ISCBEG
Historical 12 month distributions <sup>†</sup>	\$0.0868

## SCOR253 Sales charge and CUSIPs

### Brokerage

#### Sales charge<sup>3</sup>

Deferred sales charge	1.35%
Creation and development fee	0.50%
Total sales charge	1.85%
Last deferred sales charge payment date	04/10/26

#### CUSIPs

Cash	46151K-42-8
Reinvest	46151K-43-6
Historical 12 month distribution rate <sup>†</sup>	0.86%

### Fee-based

#### Sales charge<sup>3</sup>

Fee-based sales charge	0.50%
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#### CUSIPs

Fee-based cash	46151K-44-4
Fee-based reinvest	46151K-45-1
Historical 12 month distribution rate <sup>†</sup> (fee-based)	0.88%

Investors in fee-based accounts will not be assessed the deferred sales charge for eligible fee-based purchases and must purchase units with a Fee-based CUSIP.

<sup>†</sup> The historical 12 month distributions per unit and each historical 12 month distribution rate of the securities included in the trust are for illustrative purposes only and are not indicative of the trust's actual distributions or distribution rate. The historical 12 month distributions per unit amount is based upon the weighted average of the actual distributions paid by the securities included in the trust over the 12 months preceding the trust's deposit date, and is reduced to account for the effects of fees and expenses which will be incurred when investing in a trust. Each historical 12 month distribution rate is calculated by dividing the historical 12 month distributions amount by the trust's initial \$10 public offering price per unit. There is no guarantee the issuers of the securities included in the trust will declare dividends or distributions in the future. The distributions paid by the trust, as well as the corresponding rates, may be higher or lower than the figures shown due to certain factors that may include, but are not limited to, a change in the dividends or distributions paid by issuers, actual expenses incurred, currency fluctuations, the sale of trust securities to pay any deferred sales charges, trust fees and expenses, variations in the trust's per unit price, or with the call, maturity or the sale of securities in the trust. Distributions made by certain securities in the trust may include non-ordinary income.

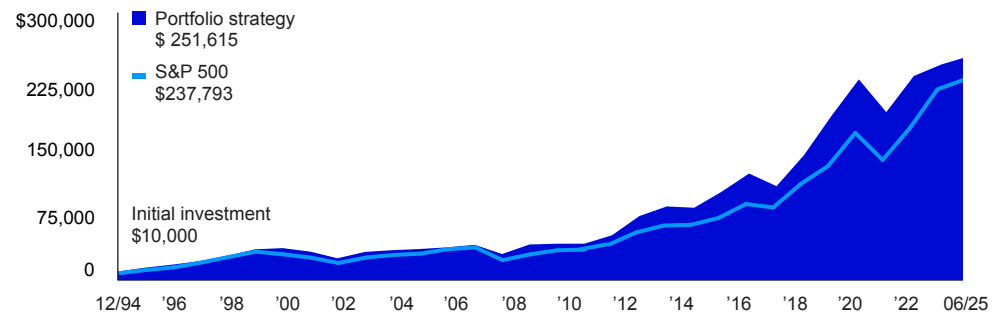
<sup>\*\*</sup> An enhanced sector (or "index") strategy refers to a unit investment trust strategy, sponsored by Invesco Capital Markets, Inc., that seeks to outperform an index by investing in an objectively selected subset of stocks from the same index.

## Objective

The Portfolio seeks above-average total return. The Portfolio seeks to achieve its objective by investing in a portfolio of stocks. The Select S&P Core Portfolio is an enhanced index<sup>\*\*</sup> unit investment trust that invests in a portfolio of up to twenty well-known stocks, determined through a quantitative model designed by S&P Opco, LLC, a subsidiary of S&P Dow Jones Indices, LLC.

## Performance of a hypothetical \$10,000 investment

From 12/31/94 — 06/30/25



Annual total return	Portfolio Strategy	S&P 500 Index	12/31/94-12/31/24	Portfolio Strategy	S&P 500 Index
1995	43.95%	37.58%	Standard deviation	18.59%	18.34%
1996	23.85	22.96			
1997	22.04	33.36	Sharpe ratio	0.48	0.47
1998	27.84	28.58			
1999	25.63	21.04	Source: Bloomberg L.P.		
2000	3.86	-9.10	The graph represents a hypothetical \$10,000 investment in the trust strategy (not any actual trust) and the S&P 500 Index from 12/31/94 through 06/30/25. The graph assumes the sum of the initial investment (\$10,000) and all dividends (including those on stocks trading ex-dividend as of the last day of the year) and appreciation during a year are reinvested at the end of that year.		
2001	-10.75	-11.89	All strategy performance is hypothetical (not any actual trust) and reflects trust sales charges at the beginning of each calendar year of 1.85% and expenses but not brokerage commissions on stocks or taxes. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Actual returns will vary from hypothetical strategy returns due to timing differences and because the trust may not be invested equally in all stocks or be fully invested at all times. The hypothetical portfolio for certain years included fewer than 20 stocks that passed all screens. As a result of recent market activity, current performance may vary. In any given year the strategy may lose money or underperform the index. Returns are calculated by taking year-end prices, subtracting them from the prices at the end of the following year (adjusting for any stock splits that might have occurred during the year) and adding dividends received for the period divided by starting price. Average annual total return and total return measure change in the value of an investment plus dividends, assuming quarterly reinvestment of dividends. Average annual total return reflects annualized change while total return reflects aggregate change and is not annualized.		
2002	-23.15	-22.10	Standard deviation is a measure of volatility that represents the degree to which an investment's performance has varied from its average performance over a particular period. Standard deviation does not compare the volatility of an investment relative to other investments or the overall stock market. The more an investment's return varies from the investment's average return, the more volatile the investment. Standard deviation is based on past performance and is no guarantee of future results.		
2003	28.68	28.68	The Sharpe ratio is a risk-adjusted measure calculated using standard deviation and excess return to determine reward per unit of risk. The higher the Sharpe ratio, the better the historical risk-adjusted performance.		
2004	6.07	10.88	Please keep in mind that high, double-digit and/or triple-digit returns are highly unusual and cannot be sustained. Investors should also be aware that these returns were primarily achieved during favorable market conditions.		
2005	3.89	4.91	See page 2 for the footnotes on the trust specifics.		
2006	5.31	15.79			
2007	7.54	5.49			
2008	-25.77	-37.00			
2009	36.11	26.47			
2010	2.12	15.06			
2011	0.10	2.11			
2012	22.76	16.00			
2013	42.55	32.38			
2014	15.03	13.68			
2015	-1.78	1.37			
2016	22.04	11.95			
2017	20.51	21.82			
2018	-11.85	-4.39			
2019	32.94	31.48			
2020	31.28	18.39			
2021	22.24	28.68			
2022	-16.29	-18.13			
2023	21.43	26.26			
2024	5.64	25.00			
Thru 06/30/25	3.80	6.20			

Average annual total return for the period ended on 12/31/24	Portfolio Strategy	S&P 500 Index
1-Year	5.64%	25.00%
3-Year	2.40	8.92
5-Year	11.50	14.50
10-Year	11.30	13.09
15-Year	12.69	13.87
20-Year	10.32	10.35
25-Year	8.06	7.69
30-Year	11.21	10.92

## Portfolio composition

(As of the business day before deposit date)

### Communication Services

Electronic Arts, Inc.	EA
Meta Platforms, Inc. - CL A	META

### Consumer Discretionary

Booking Holdings, Inc.	BKNG
eBay, Inc.	EBAY
Tapestry, Inc.	TPR

### Financials

Regions Financial Corporation	RF
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### Health Care

AbbVie, Inc.	ABBV
Edwards Lifesciences Corporation	EW
Incyte Corporation	INCY
Merck & Company, Inc.	MRK
Vertex Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	VRTX
Zoetis, Inc.	ZTS

### Industrials

Paycom Software, Inc.	PAYC
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### Information Technology

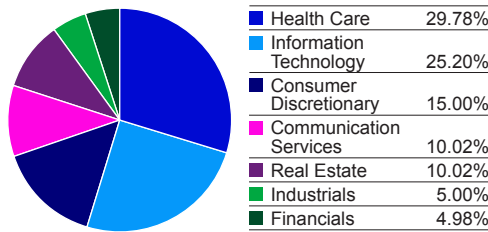
Adobe, Inc.	ADBE
Intuit, Inc.	INTU
Salesforce, Inc.	CRM
Synopsys, Inc.	SNPS
Workday, Inc. - CL A	WDAY

### Real Estate

CoStar Group, Inc.	CSGP
VICI Properties, Inc.	VICI

## Portfolio diversification

(As of the business day before deposit date)



## Selection methodology

1. Start with the stocks from the S&P 500 Index.
2. Identify 50 stocks with the largest gross profit margin.
3. Eliminate the stocks that do not rank 4-STARS (Buy) or 5-STARS (Strong Buy).
4. Identify up to 20 stocks with the lowest price-to-sales ratios.

In addition, a company will be excluded and its stock will be replaced with the stock with the next lowest price to sales ratio if the company is an affiliate of the Sponsor, if there is any restriction on the Sponsor's ability to purchase a company's stock, or if based on publicly available information as of the selection date, a proposed corporate action would result in the company not being the surviving company following a business combination or in its security being delisted.

S&P Capital IQ's SStock Appreciation Ranking System (STARS) is a ranking system based on fundamental research conducted by analysts. S&P Capital IQ ranks over 1,500 U.S. and 250 non-U.S. stocks. STARS rankings are ranked from 5 to 1 as follows: 5 STARS - strong buy, 4 STARS - buy, 3 STARS - hold, 2 STARS - sell and 1 STARS - strong sell.

The trust portfolio is provided for informational purposes only and should not be deemed as a recommendation to buy or sell the individual securities shown above.

## About risk

There is no assurance that a unit investment trust will achieve its investment objective. An investment in this unit investment trust is subject to market risk, which is the possibility that the market values of securities owned by the trust will decline and that the value of trust units may therefore be less than what you paid for them. This trust is unmanaged and its portfolio is not intended to change during the trust's life except in limited circumstances. Accordingly, you can lose money investing in this trust. The trust should be considered as part of a long-term investment strategy and you should consider your ability to pursue it by investing in successive trusts, if available. You will realize tax consequences associated with investing from one series to the next.

The financial condition of an issuer may worsen or its credit ratings may drop, resulting in a reduction in the value of your Units. This may occur at any point in time, including during the initial offering period.

Common stocks do not assure dividend payments. Dividends are paid only when declared by an issuer's board of directors and the amount of any dividend may vary over time. There can be no guarantee or assurance that companies will declare dividends in the future or that if declared, they will remain at current levels or increase over time.

You could experience dilution of your investment if the size of the Portfolio is increased as Units are sold. There is no assurance that your investment will maintain its proportionate share in the Portfolio's profits and losses.

The Portfolio is concentrated in securities issued by companies in the healthcare sector. Companies in the healthcare sector such as those involved in advanced medical devices and instruments, hospital management and biotechnology face risks such as extensive competition, product liability litigation, and evolving government regulation. Negative developments in the healthcare sector will affect the value of your investment more than would be the case in a more diversified investment.

The Portfolio is concentrated in securities issued by companies in the information technology sector. The information technology sector faces risks related to rapidly changing technology, rapid product obsolescence, cyclical market patterns, evolving sector standards and frequent new product introductions. Negative developments in this sector will affect the value of your investment more than would be the case for a more diversified investment.

The Portfolio is based in part on an S&P Index, but is not sponsored, endorsed, marketed or promoted by S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC or its affiliates or its third party licensors (collectively, "S&P Dow Jones Indices"). S&P® is a registered trademark of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC ("SPFS"), and Dow Jones® is a registered trademark of Dow Jones Trademark Holdings LLC ("Dow Jones") and have been licensed for use.

The Standard & Poor's 500 Index is an unmanaged index generally representative of the U.S. stock market. It is not possible to invest directly in an index.

Indices are statistical composites and their returns do not include payment of any sales charges or fees an investor would pay to purchase the securities they represent. Such costs would lower performance. It is not possible to invest directly in an index. The historical performance of the index is shown for illustrative purposes only; it is not meant to forecast, imply or guarantee the future performance of any particular investment or the trust, which will vary. Securities in which the trust invests may differ from those in the index.

1. Including sales charges. As of deposit date.
2. Represents the value of 100 units on the deposit date. The value of the minimum investment amount of 100 units may be greater or less than \$1,000.00 following the deposit date.
3. Assuming a public offering price of \$10 per unit. There is no initial sales charge if the public offering price per unit is \$10 or less. If the public offering price per unit exceeds \$10, an initial sales charge is paid at the time of purchase. The per unit amount of the initial sales charge is 1.85% of the dollar amount that the public offering price per unit exceeds \$10.

**Before investing, investors should carefully read the prospectus and consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses. For this and more complete information about the trust, investors should ask their financial professional(s) for a prospectus or download one at [invesco.com/unittrust](https://www.invesco.com/unittrust).**

This does not constitute a recommendation of any investment strategy or product for a particular investor. Investors should consult a financial professional before making any investment decisions.

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