



Invesco Municipal Bond team

The Invesco Municipal Bond team uses a collaborative approach to manage funds. By combining our size and experience, we focus on delivering potentially better outcomes and identifying the best opportunities for our clients.



\$64.0 billion

in AUM



6th largest

municipal bond manager in the industry, based on AUM

2nd largest

high yield municipal bond manager in the industry, based on AUM



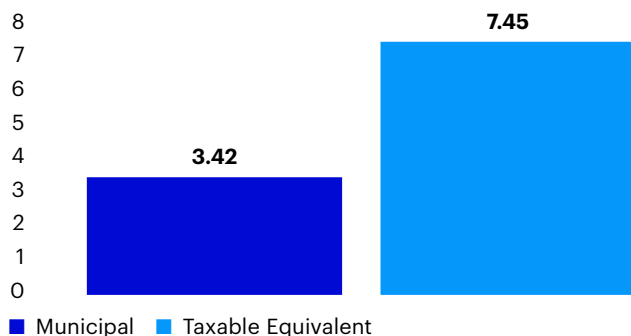
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experienced credit analysts who thoroughly vet each bond before purchase

Sources: Invesco and Simfund, as of March 31, 2026

Taxable Equivalent Yield (%)

What a Taxable Bond Needs to Earn to Match a Municipal Bond



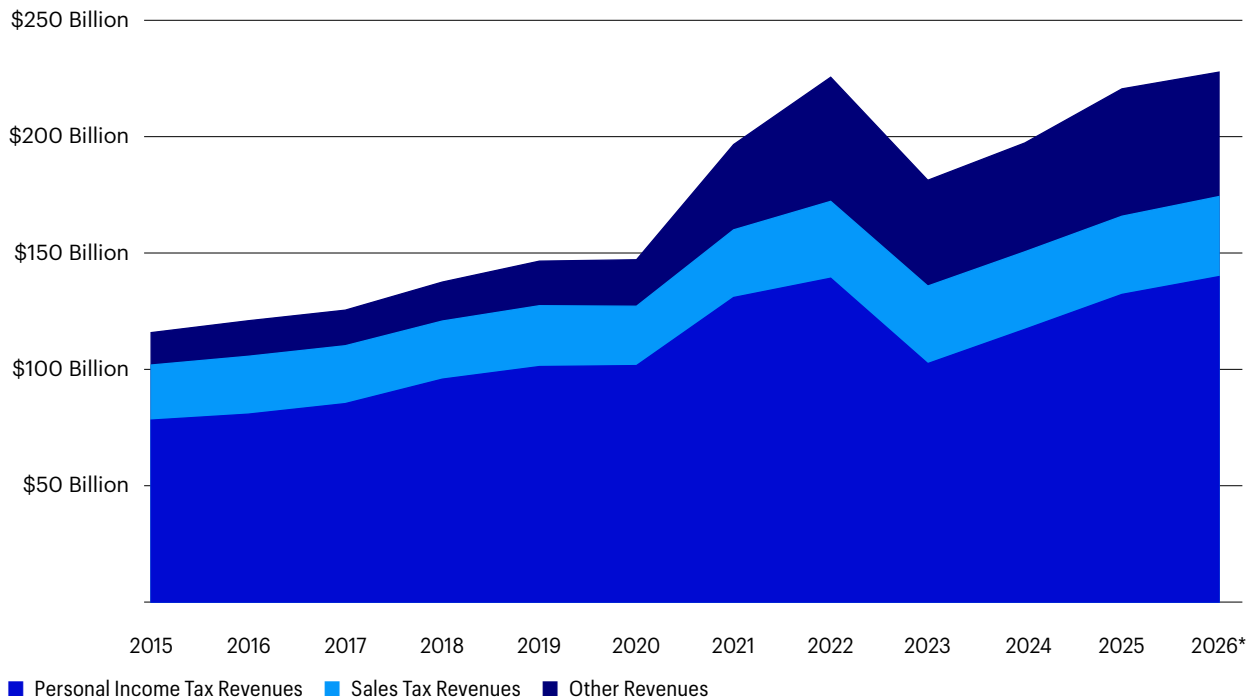
For illustrative purposes only. Data based on the average 30-Day SEC yield for Morningstar Muni California Long Category. Taxable Equivalent yield is based on the 2026 top federal tax rate of 40.8%, including the 3.8% tax on unearned income under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, as applicable plus the 13.3% California state top tax rate, including the state's 1% mental health services tax on income earned above \$1 million. Results would vary if a different tax rate were used. As of March 31, 2026.

Municipal Bond Investing in California

Municipal bonds are attractive to investors because of the tax-exempt income at the federal level. This becomes more attractive when investors can earn tax-exempt income at the state level too. The Invesco Municipal Bond team manages two California funds: Invesco California Municipal Bond Fund (OPCAX) and Invesco Limited Term California Municipal Bond Fund (OLCAX).

General Fund Tax Revenues

CA general fund revenues has grown from \$114 billion in fiscal year 2015 to \$225 billion in Fiscal Year 2026



Source: California Governor's Budget 2026-27. For past years, the California State Budget enacted in June. As of January 9, 2025, latest date available. *Projected. There is no guarantee that forecasts/estimates will come to pass.

Fiscal Update

California's second funding priority after education is its debt service. Although California is the largest municipal bond issuer**, its debt service expenditures represented only 3.5% of general fund expenditures in FY 2025.

Expenditures (in \$Millions)	FY '25	% of Gen Fund Exp
Education	110,233	48.1%
Health and Human Services	73,227	31.9%
Public Safety/Corrections	13,869	6.1%
Debt service	7,960	3.5%
Other Expenses	23,942	10.4%
Total General Fund Expenditures	229,231	100.0%

Source: California Governor's Budget 2026-27, as of January 9, 2026, latest data available. California State Treasurer, as of October 2025, latest data available.

**Source: The Bond Buyer as of December 31, 2025

Not a Deposit Not FDIC Insured Not Guaranteed by the Bank May Lose Value Not Insured by any Federal Government Agency

Fund Facts
OPCAX

>75%

Allocation to Investment Grade Bonds* is greater than 75%

*Securities rated BBB or higher are considered investment grade securities.

OLCAX

<5 years

Dollar-weighted average portfolio maturity** managed to less than 5 years.

**Dollar-weighted average portfolio maturity measures the average time it takes for securities in a debt portfolio to mature, weighted in proportion to the dollar amount invested in the portfolio.

Invesco California Municipal Fund

A: OPCAX R6: IORCX Y: OCAYX

Standard Performance, as of March 31, 2026	YTD	1 year	3 year	5 year	10 year	Since Inception
Class A shares at NAV (Inception: 11/3/88)	-0.23	2.97	2.83	0.50	3.08	4.96
Class A shares with max 4.25% load	-4.47	-1.41	1.34	-0.38	2.64	4.84
Class R6 shares (Inception: 5/24/19)	-0.02	3.29	3.14	0.86	3.33	—
Class Y shares (Inception: 11/29/10)	-0.17	3.23	3.09	0.75	3.34	4.94
Morningstar Muni California Long Category Average	-0.19	3.33	2.90	0.34	1.85	—

Total Annual Expense Ratios: Class A Shares: 1.11%; Class R6 Shares: 0.80%; Class Y Shares: 0.86% See current prospectus for more information.

Performance quoted is past performance and cannot guarantee comparable future results; current performance may be lower or higher. Visit [invesco.com/performance](https://www.invesco.com/performance) for the most recent month-end performance. Performance figures reflect reinvested distributions and changes in net asset value (NAV). Class Y shares and Class R6 shares are closed to most investors. Investment return and principal value will vary, and you may have a gain or a loss when you sell shares. Class Y shares and Class R6 shares have no sales charge; therefore, performance is at NAV. Fund performance reflects any applicable fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements. Performance shown prior to the inception date of Class R6 shares is that of Class A shares and includes the 12b-1 fees applicable to Class A shares. Had the adviser not waived fees and/or reimbursed expenses currently or in the past, returns would have been lower. See current prospectus for more information. As the result of a reorganization on May 24, 2019, the returns of the fund for periods on or prior to May 24, 2019 reflect performance of the Oppenheimer predecessor fund. Share class returns will differ from the predecessor fund due to a change in expenses and sales charges.

30-day SEC Yields %	
Class A Shares	4.02
Class R6 Shares	4.51
Class Y Shares	4.46

30 Day SEC Yield is based on a 30-day period and is computed by dividing the net investment income per share earned during the period by the maximum offering price per share on the last day of the period, as of March 31, 2026.

The 30-day taxable-equivalent SEC yield represents the tax adjusted 30-day SEC yield for investors in the highest individual marginal federal income tax bracket. The 30-day taxable equivalent SEC yields would have been 6.79% for Class A shares, 7.62% for Class R6 shares, and 7.53% for Class Y shares.

About Risk: All or a portion of the Fund's otherwise tax-exempt income may be subject to the federal alternative minimum tax. The Fund may use leverage to seek to enhance income, which creates the likelihood of greater volatility of the Fund's shares and may also impair the ability to maintain its qualification for federal income tax purposes as a regulated investment company. California's economic problems increase the risk of investing in California municipal obligations, including the risk of potential issuer default, heightens the risk that the prices of California municipal obligations, and the Fund's net asset value, will experience greater volatility. See the prospectus for more information. An issuer may be unable to meet interest and/or principal payments, thereby causing its instruments to decrease in value and lowering the issuer's credit rating. Derivatives may be more volatile and less liquid than traditional investments and are subject to market, interest rate, credit, leverage, counterparty and management risks. An investment in a derivative could lose more than the cash amount invested. Interest rate risk refers to the risk that bond prices generally fall as interest rates rise and vice versa. Inverse floating rate obligations may be subject to greater price volatility than a fixed income security with similar qualities. When short-term interest rates rise, they may decrease in value and produce less or no income and are subject to risks similar to derivatives. Junk bond values fluctuate more than high quality bonds and can decline significantly over a short time. Municipal securities have the risk that legislative or economic conditions could affect an issuer's ability to make principal and/or interest payments. Because the Fund invests primarily in a portfolio of one state's municipal securities, the Fund is more susceptible to political, economic, regulatory or other factors affecting that state than a fund that does not limit its investments to such issuers. Based on a Master Settlement Agreement ("MSA") with 46 states and six other US jurisdictions, large US tobacco manufacturers have agreed to make annual payments to government entities in exchange for the release of all litigation claims. Several states have sold bonds backed by those future payments, including (i) bonds that make payments only from a state's interest in the MSA and (ii) bonds that make payments from both the MSA revenue and from an "appropriation pledge" by the state which requires the state to pass a specific periodic appropriation to make the payments and is generally not an unconditional guarantee of payment by a state. Settlement payments are based on factors, including, but not limited to, annual domestic cigarette shipments, cigarette consumption, inflation and the financial capability of participating tobacco companies. Payments could be reduced if consumption decreases, if market share is lost to non-MSA manufacturers, or if there is a negative outcome in litigation regarding the MSA, including challenges by participating tobacco manufacturers regarding the amount of annual payments owed under the MSA. The Fund is subject to certain other risks. Please see the current prospectus for more information regarding the risks associated with an investment in the Fund.

Invesco Limited Term California Municipal Fund

A: OLCAX R6: IORLX Y: OLCYX

Standard Performance, as of March 31, 2026	YTD	1 year	3 year	5 year	10 year	Since Inception
Class A shares at NAV (Inception: 2/25/04)	0.48	3.97	2.98	1.20	2.36	3.31
Class A shares with max 2.50% load	-2.03	1.35	2.11	0.66	2.11	3.18
Class R6 shares (Inception: 5/24/19)	0.24	4.30	3.19	1.45	2.55	—
Class Y shares (Inception: 11/29/10)	0.23	4.24	3.14	1.40	2.59	3.03
Morningstar Muni Single State Short Category Average	0.21	3.57	2.74	1.20	1.45	—

Total Annual Expense Ratios: Class A Shares: 0.81%; Class R6 Shares: 0.50%; Class Y Shares: 0.56%

See current prospectus for more information.

Performance quoted is past performance and cannot guarantee comparable future results; current performance may be lower or higher. Visit [invesco.com/performance](https://www.invesco.com/performance) for the most recent month-end performance. Performance figures reflect reinvested distributions and changes in net asset value (NAV). Class Y shares and Class R6 shares are closed to most investors. Investment return and principal value will vary, and you may have a gain or a loss when you sell shares. Class Y shares and Class R6 shares have no sales charge; therefore, performance is at NAV. Performance shown prior to the inception date of Class R6 shares is that of Class A shares and includes the 12b-1 fees applicable to Class A shares. Fund performance reflects any applicable fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements. Had the adviser not waived fees and/or reimbursed expenses currently or in the past, returns would have been lower. See current prospectus for more information. As the result of a reorganization on May 24, 2019, the returns of the fund for periods on or prior to May 24, 2019 reflect performance of the Oppenheimer predecessor fund. Share class returns will differ from the predecessor fund due to a change in expenses and sales charges.

30-day SEC Yields %	
Class A Shares	3.19
Class R6 Shares	3.57
Class Y Shares	3.53

30 Day SEC Yield is based on a 30-day period and is computed by dividing the net investment income per share earned during the period by the maximum offering price per share on the last day of the period, as of March 31, 2026.

The 30-day taxable-equivalent SEC yield represents the tax adjusted 30-day SEC yield for investors in the highest individual marginal federal income tax bracket. The 30-day taxable equivalent SEC yields would have been 5.39% for Class A shares, 6.03% for Class R6 shares, and 5.96% for Class Y shares.

About Risk: All or a portion of the Fund's otherwise tax-exempt income may be subject to the federal alternative minimum tax. **The Fund may use leverage** to seek to enhance income, which creates the likelihood of greater volatility of the Fund's shares and may also impair the ability to maintain its qualification for federal income tax purposes as a regulated investment company. **An issuer** may be unable to meet interest and/or principal payments, thereby causing its instruments to decrease in value and lowering the issuer's credit rating. **Derivatives may be more volatile** and less liquid than traditional investments and are subject to market, interest rate, credit, leverage, counterparty and management risks. An investment in a derivative could lose more than the cash amount invested. **Certain of the municipalities** in which the Fund invests, including Puerto Rico, currently experience significant financial difficulties. Puerto Rico's economic problems increase the risk of investing in Puerto Rican municipal obligations, including the risk of potential issuer default, heightens the risk that the prices of Puerto Rican municipal obligations, and the Fund's net asset value, will experience greater volatility. See the prospectus for more information. **Interest rate risk** refers to the risk that bond prices generally fall as interest rates rise and vice versa. **Inverse floating rate obligations** may be subject to greater price volatility than a fixed income security with similar qualities. When short-term interest rates rise, they may decrease in value and produce less or no income and are subject to risks similar to derivatives. **Junk bond values** fluctuate more than high quality bonds and can decline significantly over a short time. **The Fund may invest** in municipal securities issued by entities having similar characteristics, which may make the Fund more susceptible to fluctuation. **Municipal securities** have the risk that legislative or economic conditions could affect an issuer's ability to make principal and/or interest payments. **The Fund will invest in bonds with short- or intermediate-term (five years or less) maturity** which may have additional risks, including interest rate changes over the life of the bond. The average maturity of the Fund's investments will affect the volatility of the Fund's share price. **Because the Fund invests** primarily in a portfolio of one state's municipal securities, the Fund is more susceptible to political, economic, regulatory or other factors affecting that state than a Fund that does not limit its investments to such issuers. **There is no guarantee** that the Fund's income will be exempt from federal and state income taxes. **Based on a Master Settlement Agreement ("MSA")** with 46 states and six other US jurisdictions, large US tobacco manufacturers have agreed to make annual payments to government entities in exchange for the release of all litigation claims. Several states have sold bonds backed by those future payments, including (i) bonds that make payments only from a state's interest in the MSA and (ii) bonds that make payments from both the MSA revenue and from an "appropriation pledge" by the state which requires the state to pass a specific periodic appropriation to make the payments and is generally not an unconditional guarantee of payment by a state. Settlement payments are based on factors, including, but not limited to, annual domestic cigarette shipments, cigarette consumption, inflation and the financial capability of participating tobacco companies. Payments could be reduced if consumption decreases, if market share is lost to non-MSA manufacturers, or if there is a negative outcome in litigation regarding the MSA, including challenges by participating tobacco manufacturers regarding the amount of annual payments owed under the MSA. **The Fund is subject to certain other risks.** Please see the current prospectus for more information regarding the risks associated with an investment in the Fund. **The investment techniques** and risk analysis used by the portfolio managers may not produce the desired results.

Invesco does not provide tax advice. Investors should always consult their own legal or tax professional for information concerning their individual situation.

A credit rating is an assessment provided by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO) of the creditworthiness of an issuer with respect to debt obligations, including specific securities, money market instruments or other debts. Ratings are measured on a scale that generally ranges from AAA (highest) to D (lowest); ratings are subject to change without notice. NR indicates the debtor was not rated and should not be interpreted as indicating low quality. For more information on rating methodologies, please visit the following NRSRO websites: www.standardandpoors.com and select 'Understanding Credit Ratings' under Rating Resources 'About Ratings' on the homepage.; <https://ratings.moodys.io/ratings> and select 'Understanding Ratings' on the homepage.; www.fitchratings.com and select 'Ratings Definitions Criteria' under 'Resources' on the homepage. Then select 'Rating Definitions' under 'Resources' on the 'Contents' menu.

Morningstar Muni California Long Category invests at least 80% of assets in California municipal debt with an average maturities of more than 12 years.

Morningstar Muni Single State Short Category invests in bonds issued by state and local governments to fund public projects with an average maturities of less than five years. This does not constitute a recommendation of any investment strategy or product for a particular investor. Investors should consult a financial professional before making any investment decisions.

Before investing, investors should carefully read the prospectus and/or summary prospectus and carefully consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses. For this and more complete information about the fund(s), investors should ask their financial professional for a prospectus/summary prospectus or visit [invesco.com/fundprospectus](https://www.invesco.com/fundprospectus).

Note: Not all products available at all firms. Financial professionals, please contact your home office.