
Invesco Growth and Income Fund

Quarterly Schedule of Portfolio Holdings

November 30, 2017



Schedule of Investments^(a)

November 30, 2017

(Unaudited)

	Shares	Value
Common Stocks & Other Equity Interests—96.68%		
Aerospace & Defense—1.59%		
General Dynamics Corp.	632,312	\$ 130,989,754
Apparel, Accessories & Luxury Goods—1.07%		
Michael Kors Holdings Ltd. ^(b)	1,510,642	88,281,919
Asset Management & Custody Banks—2.70%		
Northern Trust Corp.	927,709	90,711,386
State Street Corp.	1,383,669	131,932,839
		222,644,225
Automobile Manufacturers—1.93%		
General Motors Co.	3,699,046	159,391,892
Biotechnology—0.73%		
Amgen Inc.	344,134	60,450,579
Broadcasting—0.26%		
CBS Corp. -Class B	378,036	21,192,698
Building Products—1.01%		
Johnson Controls International PLC	2,222,333	83,648,614
Cable & Satellite—2.05%		
Charter Communications, Inc. -Class A ^(b)	209,639	68,386,338
Comcast Corp. -Class A	2,679,823	100,600,556
		168,986,894
Communications Equipment—2.74%		
Cisco Systems, Inc.	3,933,755	146,729,061
Juniper Networks, Inc.	2,857,538	79,325,255
		226,054,316
Data Processing & Outsourced Services—0.70%		
PayPal Holdings, Inc. ^(b)	761,823	57,692,856
Diversified Banks—14.00%		
Bank of America Corp.	13,127,890	369,812,661
Citigroup Inc.	6,298,368	475,526,784
JPMorgan Chase & Co.	2,977,246	311,181,752
		1,156,521,197
Diversified Metals & Mining—0.74%		
BHP Billiton Ltd. (Australia)	2,930,177	60,906,324
Drug Retail—2.93%		
CVS Health Corp.	1,362,772	104,388,335
Walgreens Boots Alliance, Inc.	1,890,913	137,582,830
		241,971,165
Electric Utilities—0.99%		
FirstEnergy Corp.	1,118,906	38,199,451
PG&E Corp.	798,235	43,296,266
		81,495,717

	Shares	Value
Fertilizers & Agricultural Chemicals—1.52%		
Agrium Inc. (Canada)	569,674	\$ 62,629,959
Mosaic Co. (The)	2,596,623	63,071,973
		125,701,932
Health Care Distributors—1.19%		
McKesson Corp.	665,628	98,339,881
Health Care Equipment—2.27%		
Baxter International Inc.	1,194,688	78,287,905
Medtronic PLC	1,331,310	109,340,490
		187,628,395
Home Improvement Retail—1.14%		
Kingfisher PLC (United Kingdom)	20,909,606	94,011,837
Hotels, Resorts & Cruise Lines—1.86%		
Carnival Corp.	2,336,252	153,351,581
Industrial Machinery—1.20%		
Ingersoll-Rand PLC	1,131,995	99,185,402
Insurance Brokers—2.90%		
Aon PLC	735,104	103,076,283
Marsh & McLennan Cos., Inc.	674,453	56,606,840
Willis Towers Watson PLC	498,570	80,170,056
		239,853,179
Integrated Oil & Gas—5.68%		
Occidental Petroleum Corp.	2,557,685	180,316,793
Royal Dutch Shell PLC -Class A (United Kingdom)	5,957,446	190,132,840
TOTAL S.A. (France)	1,754,538	99,065,421
		469,515,054
Integrated Telecommunication Services—0.95%		
Orange S.A. (France)	1,129,494	19,467,444
Verizon Communications Inc.	1,164,831	59,278,249
		78,745,693
Internet Software & Services—1.26%		
eBay Inc. ^(b)	3,013,479	104,477,317
Investment Banking & Brokerage—5.44%		
Charles Schwab Corp. (The)	1,885,891	92,012,622
Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. (The)	426,504	105,619,451
Morgan Stanley	4,881,673	251,943,143
		449,575,216
IT Consulting & Other Services—1.36%		
Cognizant Technology Solutions Corp. -Class A	1,556,938	112,535,479
Managed Health Care—1.10%		
Anthem, Inc.	388,150	91,199,724

See accompanying notes which are an integral part of this schedule.

	Shares	Value
Multi-Line Insurance–1.49%		
American International Group, Inc.	2,051,267	\$ 122,993,969
Oil & Gas Equipment & Services–2.35%		
Baker Hughes, a GE Co.	2,172,606	64,591,576
TechnipFMC PLC (United Kingdom)	4,512,292	129,232,043
		193,823,619
Oil & Gas Exploration & Production–6.54%		
Anadarko Petroleum Corp.	2,014,403	96,872,640
Apache Corp.	3,799,789	158,945,174
Canadian Natural Resources Ltd. (Canada)	4,366,888	148,101,232
Devon Energy Corp.	3,540,112	136,400,515
		540,319,561
Other Diversified Financial Services–0.75%		
Voya Financial, Inc.	1,407,379	62,206,152
Packaged Foods & Meats–1.27%		
Mondelez International, Inc. -Class A	2,445,469	105,008,439
Pharmaceuticals–6.21%		
Bristol-Myers Squibb Co.	1,058,846	66,908,479
Merck & Co., Inc.	1,858,474	102,717,858
Novartis AG (Switzerland)	1,261,265	107,947,258
Pfizer Inc.	4,212,712	152,752,937
Sanofi (France)	901,247	82,282,270
		512,608,802
Railroads–1.44%		
CSX Corp.	2,129,123	118,698,607
Regional Banks–8.05%		
BB&T Corp.	602,417	29,771,448
Citizens Financial Group, Inc.	5,164,278	210,186,114
Comerica Inc.	866,220	72,164,788

	Shares	Value
Regional Banks–(continued)		
Fifth Third Bancorp	4,704,708	\$ 143,540,641
First Horizon National Corp.	3,400,748	65,940,504
PNC Financial Services Group, Inc. (The)	1,021,910	143,639,670
		665,243,165
Semiconductors–2.74%		
Intel Corp.	2,365,527	106,070,231
QUALCOMM Inc.	1,817,745	120,589,203
		226,659,434
Systems Software–2.24%		
Oracle Corp.	3,771,845	185,046,716
Tobacco–1.56%		
Philip Morris International Inc.	1,255,293	128,981,356
Wireless Telecommunication Services–0.73%		
Vodafone Group PLC -ADR (United Kingdom)	1,958,217	60,273,919
Total Common Stocks & Other Equity Interests (Cost \$5,324,256,418)		7,986,212,579
Money Market Funds–2.99%		
Invesco Government & Agency Portfolio – Institutional Class, 0.98% ^(c)	86,272,623	86,272,623
Invesco Liquid Assets Portfolio – Institutional Class, 0.88% ^(c)	61,627,809	61,640,134
Invesco Treasury Portfolio – Institutional Class, 0.98% ^(c)	98,597,288	98,597,288
Total Money Market Funds (Cost \$246,504,150)		246,510,045
TOTAL INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES–99.67% (Cost \$5,570,760,568)		8,232,722,624
OTHER ASSETS LESS LIABILITIES–0.33%		27,521,518
NET ASSETS–100.00%		\$ 8,260,244,142

Investment Abbreviations:

ADR — American Depositary Receipt

Notes to Schedule of Investments:

- (a) Industry and/or sector classifications used in this report are generally according to the Global Industry Classification Standard, which was developed by and is the exclusive property and a service mark of MSCI Inc. and Standard & Poor's.
- (b) Non-income producing security.
- (c) The money market fund and the Fund are affiliated by having the same investment adviser. The rate shown is the 7-day SEC standardized yield as of November 30, 2017.

See accompanying notes which are an integral part of this schedule.

Invesco Growth and Income Fund

Open Forward Foreign Currency Contracts

Settlement Date	Counterparty	Contract to				Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)
		Deliver		Receive		
12/15/2017	Bank of New York Mellon (The)	AUD	31,590,971	USD	24,110,545	\$ 214,661
12/15/2017	Bank of New York Mellon (The)	CAD	76,540,629	USD	59,786,297	449,992
12/15/2017	State Street Bank and Trust Co.	AUD	31,590,971	USD	24,104,384	208,500
12/15/2017	State Street Bank and Trust Co.	CAD	76,540,629	USD	59,796,899	460,594
Subtotal—Appreciation						1,333,747
12/15/2017	Bank of New York Mellon (The)	CHF	39,540,658	USD	39,668,310	(583,046)
12/15/2017	Bank of New York Mellon (The)	EUR	64,932,752	USD	75,290,305	(2,084,763)
12/15/2017	Bank of New York Mellon (The)	GBP	94,630,885	USD	124,219,786	(3,864,536)
12/15/2017	State Street Bank and Trust Co.	CHF	39,540,658	USD	39,646,117	(605,239)
12/15/2017	State Street Bank and Trust Co.	EUR	64,932,752	USD	75,270,696	(2,104,373)
12/15/2017	State Street Bank and Trust Co.	GBP	97,653,451	USD	128,194,599	(3,980,812)
Subtotal—Depreciation						(13,222,769)
Total Forward Foreign Currency Contracts—Currency Risk						\$ (11,889,022)

Abbreviations:

AUD	— Australian Dollar	CHF	— Swiss Franc	GBP	— British Pound Sterling
CAD	— Canadian Dollar	EUR	— Euro	USD	— United States Dollar

See accompanying notes which are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to Quarterly Schedule of Portfolio Holdings

November 30, 2017
(Unaudited)

NOTE 1 -- Significant Accounting Policies

A. Security Valuations – Securities, including restricted securities, are valued according to the following policy.

A security listed or traded on an exchange (except convertible securities) is valued at its last sales price or official closing price as of the close of the customary trading session on the exchange where the security is principally traded, or lacking any sales or official closing price on a particular day, the security may be valued at the closing bid price on that day. Securities traded in the over-the-counter market are valued based on prices furnished by independent pricing services or market makers. When such securities are valued by an independent pricing service they may be considered fair valued. Futures contracts are valued at the final settlement price set by an exchange on which they are principally traded. Listed options are valued at the mean between the last bid and asked prices from the exchange on which they are principally traded. Options not listed on an exchange are valued by an independent source at the mean between the last bid and asked prices. For purposes of determining net asset value ("NAV") per share, futures and option contracts generally are valued 15 minutes after the close of the customary trading session of the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE").

Investments in open-end and closed-end registered investment companies that do not trade on an exchange are valued at the end-of-day net asset value per share. Investments in open-end and closed-end registered investment companies that trade on an exchange are valued at the last sales price or official closing price as of the close of the customary trading session on the exchange where the security is principally traded.

Debt obligations (including convertible securities) and unlisted equities are fair valued using an evaluated quote provided by an independent pricing service. Evaluated quotes provided by the pricing service may be determined without exclusive reliance on quoted prices, and may reflect appropriate factors such as institution-size trading in similar groups of securities, developments related to specific securities, dividend rate (for unlisted equities), yield (for debt obligations), quality, type of issue, coupon rate (for debt obligations), maturity (for debt obligations), individual trading characteristics and other market data. Pricing services generally value debt obligations assuming orderly transactions of institutional round lot size, but a fund may hold or transact in the same securities in smaller, odd lot sizes. Odd lots often trade at lower prices than institutional round lots. Debt obligations are subject to interest rate and credit risks. In addition, all debt obligations involve some risk of default with respect to interest and/or principal payments.

Foreign securities' (including foreign exchange contracts) prices are converted into U.S. dollar amounts using the applicable exchange rates as of the close of the NYSE. If market quotations are available and reliable for foreign exchange-traded equity securities, the securities will be valued at the market quotations. Because trading hours for certain foreign securities end before the close of the NYSE, closing market quotations may become unreliable. If between the time trading ends on a particular security and the close of the customary trading session on the NYSE, events occur that the investment adviser determines are significant and make the closing price unreliable, the Fund may fair value the security. If the event is likely to have affected the closing price of the security, the security will be valued at fair value in good faith using procedures approved by the Board of Trustees. Adjustments to closing prices to reflect fair value may also be based on a screening process of an independent pricing service to indicate the degree of certainty, based on historical data, that the closing price in the principal market where a foreign security trades is not the current value as of the close of the NYSE. Foreign securities' prices meeting the approved degree of certainty that the price is not reflective of current value will be priced at the indication of fair value from the independent pricing service. Multiple factors may be considered by the independent pricing service in determining adjustments to reflect fair value and may include information relating to sector indices, American Depositary Receipts and domestic and foreign index futures. Foreign securities may have additional risks including exchange rate changes, potential for sharply devalued currencies and high inflation, political and economic upheaval, the relative lack of issuer information, relatively low market liquidity and the potential lack of strict financial and accounting controls and standards.

Securities for which market prices are not provided by any of the above methods may be valued based upon quotes furnished by independent sources. The last bid price may be used to value equity securities. The mean between the last bid and asked prices is used to value debt obligations, including corporate loans.

Securities for which market quotations are not readily available or became unreliable are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by or under the supervision of the Trust's officers following procedures approved by the Board of Trustees. Issuer specific events, market trends, bid/asked quotes of brokers and information providers and other market data may be reviewed in the course of making a good faith determination of a security's fair value.

A. Security Valuations – (continued)

The Fund may invest in securities that are subject to interest rate risk, meaning the risk that the prices will generally fall as interest rates rise and, conversely, the prices will generally rise as interest rates fall. Specific securities differ in their sensitivity to changes in interest rates depending on their individual characteristics. Changes in interest rates may result in increased market volatility, which may affect the value and/or liquidity of certain Fund investments.

Valuations change in response to many factors including the historical and prospective earnings of the issuer, the value of the issuer's assets, general economic conditions, interest rates, investor perceptions and market liquidity. Because of the inherent uncertainties of valuation, the values reflected in the financial statements may materially differ from the value received upon actual sale of those investments.

B. Securities Transactions and Investment Income – Securities transactions are accounted for on a trade date basis. Realized gains or losses on sales are computed on the basis of specific identification of the securities sold. Interest income (net of withholding tax, if any) is recorded on the accrual basis from settlement date. Dividend income (net of withholding tax, if any) is recorded on the ex-dividend date.

The Fund may periodically participate in litigation related to Fund investments. As such, the Fund may receive proceeds from litigation settlements. Any proceeds received are included in the Statement of Operations as realized gain (loss) for investments no longer held and as unrealized gain (loss) for investments still held.

Brokerage commissions and mark ups are considered transaction costs and are recorded as an increase to the cost basis of securities purchased and/or a reduction of proceeds on a sale of securities. Such transaction costs are included in the determination of net realized and unrealized gain (loss) from investment securities reported in the Statement of Operations and the Statement of Changes in Net Assets and the net realized and unrealized gains (losses) on securities per share in the Financial Highlights. Transaction costs are included in the calculation of the Fund's net asset value and, accordingly, they reduce the Fund's total returns. These transaction costs are not considered operating expenses and are not reflected in net investment income reported in the Statement of Operations and the Statement of Changes in Net Assets, or the net investment income per share and the ratios of expenses and net investment income reported in the Financial Highlights, nor are they limited by any expense limitation arrangements between the Fund and the investment adviser.

The Fund allocates income and realized and unrealized capital gains and losses to a class based on the relative net assets of each class.

C. Country Determination – For the purposes of making investment selection decisions and presentation in the Schedule of Investments, the investment adviser may determine the country in which an issuer is located and/or credit risk exposure based on various factors. These factors include the laws of the country under which the issuer is organized, where the issuer maintains a principal office, the country in which the issuer derives 50% or more of its total revenues and the country that has the primary market for the issuer's securities, as well as other criteria. Among the other criteria that may be evaluated for making this determination are the country in which the issuer maintains 50% or more of its assets, the type of security, financial guarantees and enhancements, the nature of the collateral and the sponsor organization. Country of issuer and/or credit risk exposure has been determined to be the United States of America, unless otherwise noted.

D. Foreign Currency Translations – Foreign currency is valued at the close of the NYSE based on quotations posted by banks and major currency dealers. Portfolio securities and other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollar amounts at date of valuation. Purchases and sales of portfolio securities (net of foreign taxes withheld on disposition) and income items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollar amounts on the respective dates of such transactions. The Fund does not separately account for the portion of the results of operations resulting from changes in foreign exchange rates on investments and the fluctuations arising from changes in market prices of securities held. The combined results of changes in foreign exchange rates and the fluctuation of market prices on investments (net of estimated foreign tax withholding) are included with the net realized and unrealized gain or loss from investments in the Statement of Operations. Reported net realized foreign currency gains or losses arise from (1) sales of foreign currencies, (2) currency gains or losses realized between the trade and settlement dates on securities transactions, and (3) the difference between the amounts of dividends, interest, and foreign withholding taxes recorded on the Fund's books and the U.S. dollar equivalent of the amounts actually received or paid. Net unrealized foreign currency gains and losses arise from changes in the fair values of assets and liabilities, other than investments in securities at fiscal period end, resulting from changes in exchange rates.

The Fund may invest in foreign securities, which may be subject to foreign taxes on income, gains on investments or currency repatriation, a portion of which may be recoverable. Foreign taxes, if any, are recorded based on the tax regulations and rates that exist in the foreign markets in which the Fund invests and are shown in the Statement of Operations.

E. Forward Foreign Currency Contracts – The Fund may engage in foreign currency transactions either on a spot (i.e. for prompt delivery and settlement) basis, or through forward foreign currency contracts, to manage or minimize currency or exchange rate risk.

E. Forward Foreign Currency Contracts – (continued)

The Fund may also enter into forward foreign currency contracts for the purchase or sale of a security denominated in a foreign currency in order to “lock in” the U.S. dollar price of that security, or the Fund may also enter into forward foreign currency contracts that do not provide for physical settlement of the two currencies, but instead are settled by a single cash payment calculated as the difference between the agreed upon exchange rate and the spot rate at settlement based upon an agreed upon notional amount (non-deliverable forwards). The Fund will set aside liquid assets in an amount equal to the daily mark-to-market obligation for forward foreign currency contracts.

A forward foreign currency contract is an obligation between two parties (“Counterparties”) to purchase or sell a specific currency for an agreed-upon price at a future date. The use of forward foreign currency contracts does not eliminate fluctuations in the price of the underlying securities the Fund owns or intends to acquire but establishes a rate of exchange in advance. Fluctuations in the value of these contracts are measured by the difference in the contract date and reporting date exchange rates and are recorded as unrealized appreciation (depreciation) until the contracts are closed. When the contracts are closed, realized gains (losses) are recorded. Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on the contracts are included in the Statement of Operations. The primary risks associated with forward foreign currency contracts include failure of the Counterparty to meet the terms of the contract and the value of the foreign currency changing unfavorably. These risks may be in excess of the amounts reflected in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

NOTE 2 -- Additional Valuation Information

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (“GAAP”) defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, under current market conditions. GAAP establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation methods, giving the highest priority to readily available unadjusted quoted prices in an active market for identical assets (Level 1) and the lowest priority to significant unobservable inputs (Level 3), generally when market prices are not readily available or are unreliable. Based on the valuation inputs, the securities or other investments are tiered into one of three levels. Changes in valuation methods may result in transfers in or out of an investment’s assigned level:

Level 1 – Prices are determined using quoted prices in an active market for identical assets.

Level 2 – Prices are determined using other significant observable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that other market participants may use in pricing a security. These may include quoted prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, yield curves, loss severities, default rates, discount rates, volatilities and others.

Level 3 – Prices are determined using significant unobservable inputs. In situations where quoted prices or observable inputs are unavailable (for example, when there is little or no market activity for an investment at the end of the period), unobservable inputs may be used. Unobservable inputs reflect the Fund’s own assumptions about the factors market participants would use in determining fair value of the securities or instruments and would be based on the best available information.

The following is a summary of the tiered valuation input levels, as of November 30, 2017. The level assigned to the securities valuations may not be an indication of the risk or liquidity associated with investing in those securities. Because of the inherent uncertainties of valuation, the values reflected in the financial statements may materially differ from the value received upon actual sale of those investments.

The Fund’s policy is to recognize transfers in and out of the valuation levels as of the end of the reporting period. During the three months ended November 30, 2017, there were transfers from Level 1 to Level 2 of \$444,116,422 and from Level 2 to Level 1 of \$19,467,444, due to foreign fair value adjustments.

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Common Stocks & Other Equity Interests	\$ 7,459,813,887	\$ 526,398,692	\$ —	\$ 7,986,212,579
Money Market Funds	246,510,045	—	—	246,510,045
	7,706,323,932	526,398,692	—	8,232,722,624
Forward Foreign Currency Contracts*	—	(11,889,022)	—	(11,889,022)
Total Investments	\$ 7,706,323,932	\$ 514,509,670	\$ —	\$ 8,220,833,602

* Unrealized appreciation (depreciation).