



The Dow Jones Total Market Portfolio, Enhanced Index Strategy 2019-3

Trust specifics

Deposit information

Public offering price per unit ¹	\$10.00
Minimum investment (\$250 for IRAs) ²	\$1,000.00
Deposit date	06/13/19
Termination date	09/14/20
Distribution dates	25th day of each October, January and April, commencing October 25, 2019
Record dates	10th day of each October, January and April, commencing October 10, 2019

Term of trust	15 months
NASDAQ symbol	IAAFPX
Historical 12 month distributions [†]	\$0.09903

ESTM193 Sales charge and CUSIPs

Brokerage

Sales charge³

Deferred sales charge	1.35%
Creation and development fee	0.50%
Total sales charge	1.85%
Last deferred sales charge payment date	03/10/20

CUSIPs

Cash	46144F-34-6
Reinvest	46144F-35-3
Historical 12 month distribution rate [†]	0.99%

Fee-based

Sales charge³

Fee-based sales charge	0.50%
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CUSIPs

Fee-based cash	46144F-36-1
Fee-based reinvest	46144F-37-9
Historical 12 month distribution rate [†] (fee-based)	1.00%

Investors in fee-based accounts will not be assessed the deferred sales charge for eligible fee-based purchases and must purchase units with a fee-based CUSIP.

[†] The historical 12 month distributions per unit and each historical 12 month distribution rate of the securities included in the trust are for illustrative purposes only and are not indicative of the trust's actual distributions or distribution rate. The historical 12 month distributions per unit amount is based upon the weighted average of the actual distributions paid by the securities included in the trust over the 12 months preceding the trust's deposit date, and is reduced to account for the effects of fees and expenses which will be incurred when investing in a trust. Each historical 12 month distribution rate is calculated by dividing the historical 12 month distributions amount by the trust's initial \$10 public offering price per unit. There is no guarantee the issuers of the securities included in the trust will declare dividends or distributions in the future. The distributions paid by the trust, as well as the corresponding rates, may be higher or lower than the figures shown due to certain factors that may include, but are not limited to, a change in the dividends or distributions paid by issuers, actual expenses incurred, currency fluctuations, the sale of trust securities to pay any deferred sales charges, trust fees and expenses, variations in the trust's per unit price, or with the call, maturity or the sale of securities in the trust. Distributions made by certain securities in the trust may include non-ordinary income.

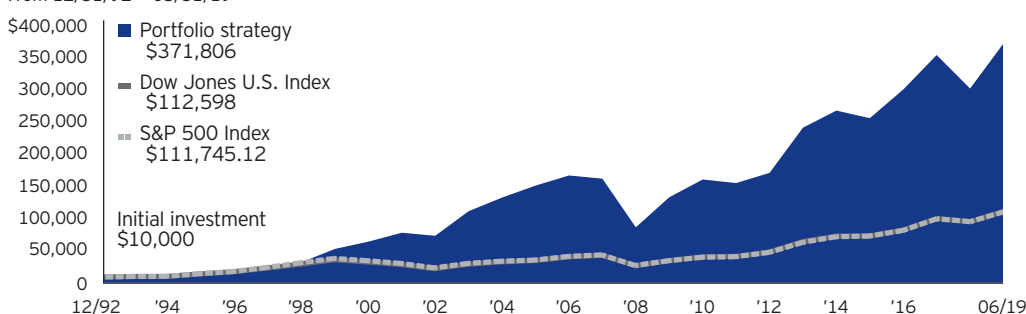
^{**} An enhanced sector (or "index") strategy refers to a unit investment trust strategy, sponsored by Invesco Capital Markets, Inc., that seeks to outperform an index by investing in an objectively selected subset of stocks from the same index.

Objective

The Portfolio seeks above-average capital appreciation. The Portfolio invests in stocks of domestic companies selected by applying separate uniquely specialized enhanced sector strategies. The Portfolio strategy combines ten enhanced sector strategies: the Basic Materials Strategy, the Consumer Goods Strategy, the Consumer Services Strategy, the Energy Strategy, the Financials Strategy, the Health Care Strategy, the Industrials Strategy, the Technology Strategy, the Telecommunications Strategy and the Utilities Strategy. Each strategy makes up that percentage of the initial portfolio as its respective sector makes up of the Dow Jones U.S. Index.

Performance of a hypothetical \$10,000 investment

From 12/31/92 – 05/31/19



Annual total return	Portfolio Strategy	DJ U.S. Index	S&P 500 Index
1993	18.92%	9.78%	10.06%
1994	-1.65	0.21	1.32
1995	34.72	36.62	37.58
1996	24.82	22.02	22.96
1997	36.07	31.81	33.36
1998	18.58	24.90	28.58
1999	64.94	22.72	21.04
2000	21.60	-9.23	-9.10
2001	21.80	-11.95	-11.89
2002	-6.12	-22.08	-22.10
2003	52.55	30.75	28.68
2004	19.06	12.01	10.88
2005	14.07	6.33	4.91
2006	10.44	15.63	15.79
2007	-2.97	6.14	5.49
2008	-46.84	-37.15	-37.00
2009	54.41	28.82	26.47
2010	20.85	16.72	15.06
2011	-3.45	1.38	2.11
2012	10.21	16.56	16.00
2013	41.20	32.96	32.38
2014	11.05	12.94	13.68
2015	-4.39	0.62	1.37
2016	17.40	12.24	11.95
2017	17.87	21.48	21.82
2018	-14.72	-4.98	-4.39
Thru 05/31/19	5.11	10.98	10.73

Average annual total return (for the period ended on 12/31/18)	Portfolio Strategy	DJ U.S. Index	S&P 500 Index
1-Year	-14.72%	-4.98%	-4.39%
3-Year	5.67	9.02	9.25
5-Year	4.61	8.05	8.49
10-Year	13.39	13.28	13.11
15-Year	6.89	8.05	7.76
20-Year	11.92	5.98	5.62
25-Year	13.81	9.08	9.07
Inception (01/01/93)	14.00	9.11	9.11

1993 - 2018	Portfolio Strategy	DJ U.S. Index	S&P 500 Index
Standard deviation	23.43%	17.77%	17.72%
Sharpe ratio	0.50	0.38	0.38

Source: Bloomberg L.P.

The graph represents a hypothetical \$10,000 investment in the trust strategy (not any actual trust) and the Dow Jones U.S. Index and the S&P 500 Index from 12/31/92 through 05/31/19. The graph assumes the sum of the initial investment (\$10,000) and all dividends (including those on stocks trading ex-dividend as of the last day of the year) and appreciation during a year are reinvested at the end of that year.

All strategy performance is hypothetical (not any actual trust) and reflects trust sales charges at the beginning of each calendar year of 1.85% and expenses but not brokerage commissions on stocks or taxes. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Actual returns will vary from hypothetical strategy returns due to timing differences and because the trust may not be invested equally in all stocks or be fully invested at all times. In any given year the strategy may lose money or underperform the index. Returns are calculated by taking year-end prices, subtracting them from the prices at the end of the following year (adjusting for any stock splits that might have occurred during the year) and adding dividends received for the period divided by starting price. Average annual total return and total return measure change in the value of an investment plus dividends, assuming quarterly reinvestment of dividends. Average annual total return reflects annualized change while total return reflects aggregate change and is not annualized.

Standard deviation is a measure of volatility that represents the degree to which an investment's performance has varied from its average performance over a particular period. Standard deviation does not compare the volatility of an investment relative to other investments or the overall stock market. The more an investment's return varies from the investment's average return, the more volatile the investment. Standard deviation is based on past performance and is no guarantee of future results.

The Sharpe ratio is a risk-adjusted measure calculated using standard deviation on excess return to determine reward per unit of risk. The higher the Sharpe ratio, the better the historical risk-adjusted performance.

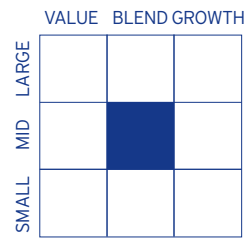
Please keep in mind that high, double-digit and/or triple-digit returns are highly unusual and cannot be sustained. Investors should also be aware that these returns were primarily achieved during favorable market conditions.

Portfolio composition (As of the business day before deposit date)

Basic Materials			Halliburton Company	HAL	MasTec, Inc.	MTZ
CF Industries Holdings, Inc.	CF	HollyFrontier Corporation	HFC	Navistar International Corporation	NAV	
Commercial Metals Company	CMC	Marathon Petroleum Corporation	MPC	Oshkosh Corporation	OSK	
Domtar Corporation	UFS	Matador Resources Company	MTDR	PayPal Holdings, Inc.	PYPL	
Eastman Chemical Company	EMN	Occidental Petroleum Corporation	OXY	Silgan Holdings, Inc.	SLGN	
Freeport-McMoRan, Inc.	FCX	Parsley Energy, Inc. - CL A	PE	Tetra Tech, Inc.	TTEK	
H.B. Fuller Company	FUL	Patterson-UTI Energy, Inc.	PTEN	Timken Company	TKR	
Huntsman Corporation	HUN	PBF Energy, Inc. - CL A	PBF	United Rentals, Inc.	URI	
LyondellBasell Industries N.V.	LYB	Phillips 66	PSX	Univar, Inc.	UNVR	
Minerals Technologies, Inc.	MTX	Pioneer Natural Resources Company	PXD	Technology		
Mosaic Company	MOS	Range Resources Corporation	RRC	Allscripts Healthcare Solutions, Inc.	MDRX	
Nucor Corporation	NUE	SM Energy Company	SM	Applied Materials, Inc.	AMAT	
Olin Corporation	OLN	Southwestern Energy Company	SWN	Cerner Corporation	CERN	
Peabody Energy Corporation	BTU	Valero Energy Corporation	VLO	Ciena Corporation	CIEN	
PolyOne Corporation	POL	WPX Energy, Inc.	WPX	Cirrus Logic, Inc.	CRUS	
Reliance Steel & Aluminum Company	RS	Financials			Cognizant Technology Solutions Corporation - CL A	CTSH
Steel Dynamics, Inc.	STLD	Ally Financial, Inc.	ALLY	eBay, Inc.	EBAY	
Trinseo S.A.	TSE	Bank OZK	OZK	Facebook, Inc. - CL A	FB	
United States Steel Corporation	X	Capital One Financial Corporation	COF	Intel Corporation	INTC	
Westlake Chemical Corporation	WLK	Chemical Financial Corporation	CHFC	KBR, Inc.	KBR	
Worthington Industries, Inc.	WOR	CIT Group, Inc.	CIT	Lam Research Corporation	LRXC	
Consumer Goods			Citigroup, Inc.	C	Micron Technology, Inc.	MU
Activision Blizzard, Inc.	ATVI	Citizens Financial Group, Inc.	CFG	MKS Instruments, Inc.	MKSI	
Brunswick Corporation	BC	East West Bancorp, Inc.	EWBC	ON Semiconductor Corporation	ON	
Bunge, Ltd.	BG	F.N.B. Corporation	FNB	Qorvo, Inc.	QRVO	
Constellation Brands, Inc. - CL A	STZ	First American Financial Corporation	FAF	Skyworks Solutions, Inc.	SWKS	
D.R. Horton, Inc.	DHI	Goldman Sachs Group, Inc.	GS	SYNNEX Corporation	SNX	
Dana, Inc.	DAN	Janus Henderson Group plc	JHG	Tech Data Corporation	TECD	
Deckers Outdoor Corporation	DECK	Jones Lang LaSalle, Inc.	JLL	Verint Systems, Inc.	VRNT	
Ford Motor Company	F	KeyCorp	KEY	Xerox Corporation	XRX	
General Mills, Inc.	GIS	OneMain Holdings, Inc.	OMF	Telecommunications		
General Motors Company	GM	Raymond James Financial, Inc.	RJF	AT&T, Inc.	T	
Herman Miller, Inc.	MLHR	State Street Corporation	STT	Telephone and Data Systems, Inc.	TDS	
HNI Corporation	HNI	Texas Capital Bancshares, Inc.	TCBI	T-Mobile US, Inc.	TMUS	
Lululemon Athletica, Inc	LULU	Western Alliance Bancorp	WAL	Verizon Communications, Inc.	VZ	
NVR, Inc.	NVR	Wintrust Financial Corporation	WTFC	Utilities		
Polaris Industries, Inc.	PII	Health Care			AES Corporation	AES
Pool Corporation	POOL	Agilent Technologies, Inc.	A	ALLETE, Inc.	ALE	
PulteGroup, Inc.	PHM	Allergan plc	AGN	Avangrid, Inc.	AGR	
Ralph Lauren Corporation - CL A	RL	Amgen, Inc.	AMGN	Avista Corporation	AVA	
Under Armour, Inc. - CL A	UA	Biogen, Inc.	BIIB	CenterPoint Energy, Inc.	CNP	
US Foods Holding Corporation	USFD	Bristol-Myers Squibb Company	BMJ	Consolidated Edison, Inc.	ED	
Consumer Services			Eli Lilly and Company	LLY	Dominion Energy, Inc.	D
Allegiant Travel Company	ALGT	Endo International plc	ENDP	DTE Energy Company	DTE	
Altice USA, Inc. - CL A	ATUS	Exelixis, Inc.	EXEL	Duke Energy Corporation	DUK	
Amazon.com, Inc.	AMZN	Gilead Sciences, Inc.	GILD	Edison International	EIX	
Bloomin' Brands, Inc.	BLMN	Henry Schein, Inc.	HSIC	Evergy, Inc.	EVRG	
Boyd Gaming Corporation	BYD	Horizon Therapeutics plc	HZNP	MDU Resources Group, Inc.	MDU	
Brinker International, Inc.	EAT	Jazz Pharmaceuticals plc	JAZZ	National Fuel Gas Company	NFG	
Cardinal Health, Inc.	CAH	Johnson & Johnson	JNJ	Pinnacle West Capital Corporation	PNW	
Charter Communications, Inc. - CL A	CHTR	Ligand Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	LGND	PPL Corporation	PPL	
Comcast Corporation - CL A	CMCSA	Merck & Company, Inc.	MRK	Public Service Enterprise Group, Inc.	PEG	
Delta Air Lines, Inc.	DAL	Mylan N.V.	MYL	Southern Company	SO	
Discovery, Inc. - CL A	DISCA	Nektar Therapeutics	NKTR	Southwest Gas Holdings, Inc.	SWX	
Expedia Group, Inc.	EXPE	Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	REGN	UGI Corporation	UGI	
Lithia Motors, Inc. - CL A	LAD	Vertex Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	VRTX	Vistra Energy Corporation	VST	
Marriott Vacations Worldwide Corporation	VAC	Waters Corporation	WAT	Industrials		
Nexstar Media Group, Inc. - CL A	NXST	Industrials			Acuity Brands, Inc.	AYI
Norwegian Cruise Line Holdings, Ltd.	NCLH	AECOM	ACM	AGCO Corporation	AGCO	
Qurate Retail, Inc. - CL A	QRTEA	AGCO Corporation	AGCO	Carlisle Companies, Inc.	CSL	
Spirit Airlines, Inc.	SAVE	Carlisle Companies, Inc.	CSL	Cummins, Inc.	CMJ	
United Continental Holdings, Inc.	UAL	EMCOR Group, Inc.	EME	FTI Consulting, Inc.	FCN	
Yelp, Inc.	YELP	FTI Consulting, Inc.	FCN	HEICO Corporation	HEI	
Energy			HEICO Corporation	HEI	Insperity, Inc.	NSP
Cabot Oil & Gas Corporation	COG	Insperity, Inc.	NSP	Itron, Inc.	ITRI	
Cimarex Energy Company	XEC	Itron, Inc.	ITRI	Keysight Technologies, Inc.	KEYS	
CNX Resources Corporation	CNX	Keysight Technologies, Inc.	KEYS			
Delek US Holdings, Inc.	DK					
Gulfport Energy Corporation	GPOR					

The trust portfolio is provided for informational purposes only and should not be deemed as a recommendation to buy or sell the individual securities shown above. Invesco's history of offering unit investment trusts began with the acquisition of the Sponsor by Invesco Ltd. in June 2010. Invesco unit investment trusts are distributed by the Sponsor, Invesco Capital Markets, Inc. and broker dealers including Invesco Distributors, Inc. Both firms are indirect, wholly owned subsidiaries of Invesco Ltd.

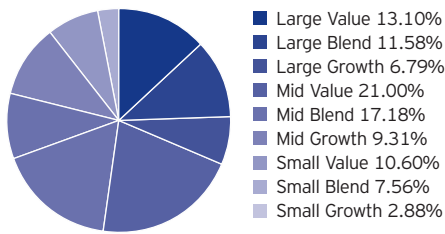
Equity style analysis



The style characteristics of the Portfolio are determined as of the initial date of deposit. For a complete description of these characteristics refer to the following page.

Style breakdown

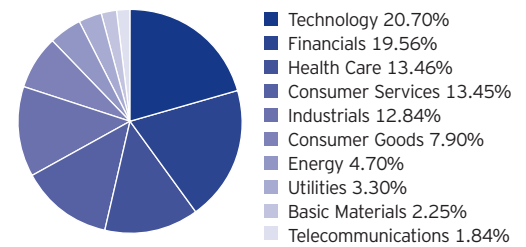
(As of the business day before deposit date)



Source: Morningstar, Inc.

Sector breakdown

(As of the business day before deposit date)



The Dow Jones Total Market Portfolio, Enhanced Index Strategy:

The Dow Jones Total Market Portfolio, Enhanced Index Strategy combines all of the enhanced sector strategies listed below into one comprehensive investment that spans all the sectors within the Dow Jones U.S. Index.

Basic Materials Strategy	20 stocks	Industrials Strategy	20 stocks
Consumer Goods Strategy	20 stocks	Technology Strategy	20 stocks
Consumer Services Strategy	20 stocks	Telecommunications Strategy	4 stocks
Energy Strategy	20 stocks	Utilities Strategy	20 stocks
Financials Strategy	20 stocks		
Health Care Strategy	20 stocks		
The Dow Jones Total Market Portfolio, Enhanced Index Strategy*			184 stocks

*Although each enhanced sector strategy is designed to produce a certain number of stocks, it is possible that a particular strategy could produce less. For example, certain series of this strategy have resulted in less than 10 stocks within the Telecommunications Strategy.

Beginning with the stocks in the Dow Jones U.S. Index, the strategies exclude the bottom 1% of stocks based on market capitalization. The strategies then rank each remaining company in the Dow Jones U.S. respective sector index from highest to lowest based on the following strategy screens for each:

Basic materials strategy—Dividend yield, Price/book value ratio, Price/free cash flow ratio, Price/sales ratio, Price/sales to five-year average, Operating margin. The strategy assigns each stock a rank score for each of these categories with the lowest score being 1 and the highest score being the total number of stocks in the Dow Jones U.S. Basic Materials Index. The strategy then ranks the remaining stocks by total score and selects the top 20 stocks, provided that the stock of any Invesco affiliate will be removed and replaced with the stock with the next highest ranking. If two stocks are assigned the same total score, the stock with the higher score for Price/Book Value Ratio is ranked higher. *This trust invests in the basic materials sector. Basic materials companies are subject to price and supply fluctuations, excess capacity, economic recession, domestic and international politics, government regulations, volatile interest rates, consumer spending trends and overall capital spending levels.*

Consumer goods strategy—Price/cash flow ratio, Operating income change last quarter, Total return for the past six months, One-year earnings growth, Long-term expected profit growth, Dividend yield to five-year median. The strategy assigns each stock a rank score for each of these categories with the lowest score being 1 and the highest score being the total number of stocks in the Dow Jones U.S. Consumer Goods Index. The strategy then ranks the remaining stocks by total score and selects the top 20 stocks, provided that the stock of any Invesco affiliate will be removed and replaced with the stock with the next highest ranking. If two stocks are assigned the same total score, the stock with the higher score for Long-Term Expected Profit Growth is ranked higher. *This trust invests in the consumer goods sector. Companies that manufacture distribute and provide consumer products face risks such as intense competition, the lack of serious barriers to entry for on-line entrants, economic recession and a slowdown in consumer spending trends. A portfolio concentrated in a single market sector may present more risk than a portfolio broadly diversified over several sectors.*

Consumer services strategy—Price/earnings ratio, Price/sales to five-year average, Total return for the past six months, EPS change last quarter, Long-term expected profit growth, Cash flow to net income. The strategy assigns each stock a rank score for each of these categories with the lowest score being 1 and the highest score being the total number of stocks in the Dow Jones U.S. Consumer Services Index. The strategy then ranks the remaining stocks by total score and selects the top 20 stocks, provided that the stock of any Invesco affiliate will be removed and replaced with the stock with the next highest ranking. If two stocks are assigned the same total score, the stock with the higher score for Long-Term Expected Profit Growth is ranked higher. *This trust invests in the consumer services sector. Companies that provide consumer services face risks such as intense competition, the lack of serious barriers to entry for on-line entrants, economic recession and a slowdown in consumer spending trends. A portfolio concentrated in a single market sector may present more risk than a portfolio broadly diversified over several sectors.*

Energy strategy—Enterprise value to EBITDA, Price/sales ratio, Price/sales to three-year average, Five-year earnings growth, Long-term expected profit growth, Gross margin trend. The strategy assigns each stock a rank score for each of these categories with the lowest score being 1 and the highest score being the total number of stocks in the Dow Jones U.S. Oil & Gas Index. The strategy then ranks the remaining stocks by total score and selects the top 20 stocks, provided that the stock of any Invesco affiliate will be removed and replaced with the stock with the next highest ranking. If two stocks are assigned the same total score, the stock with the higher score for Long-Term Expected Profit Growth is ranked higher. *This trust invests in the energy industry. There are certain risks specific to the energy sector, including the potential adverse effect of state and federal regulation and increasing costs of natural resources.*

Financials strategy—Price/earnings ratio, Price/book value ratio, Price/sales ratio, Earnings predictability, Long-term expected profit growth, Tangible book one-year change. The strategy assigns each stock a rank score for each of these categories with the lowest score being 1 and the highest score being the total number of stocks in the Dow Jones U.S. Financials Index. The strategy then ranks the remaining stocks by total score and selects the top 20 stocks, provided that the stock of any Invesco affiliate will be removed and replaced with the stock with the next highest ranking. If two stocks are assigned the same total score, the stock with the higher score for Tangible Book One-Year Change is ranked higher. *The trust invests in the financial services industry and may present more risk than a more diversified investment. There are certain risks specific to the financial services sector, including the potential adverse effects of economic recession, volatile interest rates, and state and federal regulations.*

Health care strategy—Enterprise value to EBITDA, Price/earnings ratio, Price/free cash flow ratio, One-year net income growth, Return on equity, Gross margin. The strategy assigns each stock a rank score for each of these categories with the lowest score being 1 and the highest score being the total number of stocks in the Dow Jones U.S. Health Care Index. The strategy then ranks the remaining stocks by total score and selects the top 20 stocks, provided that the stock of any Invesco affiliate will be removed and replaced with the stock with the next highest ranking. If two stocks are assigned the same total score, the stock with the higher score for Return on Equity is ranked higher. *This trust invests in the health care sector. There are certain risks specific to the health care companies such as governmental regulation and the risk that a product may never come to pass.*

Industrials strategy—Price/earnings ratio, Price/free cash flow ratio, Long-term expected profit growth, EPS revisions current quarter, EPS surprise last quarter, Total return for the past six months. The strategy assigns each stock a rank score for each of these categories with the lowest score being 1 and the highest score being the total number of stocks in the Dow Jones U.S. Industrials Index. The strategy then ranks the remaining stocks by total score and selects the top 20 stocks, provided that the stock of any Invesco affiliate will be removed and replaced with the stock with the next highest ranking. If two stocks are assigned the same total score, the stock with the higher score for Price/Earnings Ratio is ranked higher. *This trust invests in the industrials sector. General risks of industrials companies include the general state of the economy, intense competition, consolidation, domestic and international politics, excess capacity and consumer spending trends.*

Technology strategy—Price/book value ratio, Price/sales to five-year average, Price/sales ratio, Total return for the past six months, Net profit margin, Tangible book five-year change. The strategy assigns each stock a rank score for each of these categories with the lowest score being 1 and the highest score being the total number of stocks in the Dow Jones U.S. Technology Index. The strategy then ranks the remaining stocks by total score and selects the top 20 stocks, provided that the stock of any Invesco affiliate will be removed and replaced with the stock with the next highest ranking. If two stocks are assigned the same total score, the stock with the higher score for Total Return for the Past Six Months is ranked higher. *This trust invests in the technology industry. There are certain risks specific to information technology stocks such as volatile stock prices, rapid product obsolescence, and speculative trading.*

Telecommunications strategy—Dividend yield, Enterprise value to EBITDA, Price/cash flow ratio, Three-year sales growth, Total return for the past six months, Asset turnover trend. The strategy assigns each stock a rank score for each of these categories with the lowest score being 1 and the highest score being the total number of stocks in the Dow Jones U.S. Telecommunications Index. The strategy then ranks the remaining stocks by total score and selects the top 10 stocks, provided that the stock of any Invesco affiliate will be removed and replaced with the stock with the next highest ranking. If two stocks are assigned the same total score, the stock with the higher score for Enterprise Value to EBITDA is ranked higher. *This trust invests in the telecommunications industry. There are certain risks specific to telecommunication stocks such as volatile stock prices, rapid product obsolescence, and speculative trading as well as government changes in regulations.*

Utilities Strategy—Price/earnings ratio, Price/book value ratio versus three-year average, Price/sales to three-year average, Price/cash flow ratio, Long-term expected profit growth, EBIT margin. The strategy assigns each stock a rank score for each of these categories with the lowest score being 1 and the highest score being the total number of stocks in the Dow Jones U.S. Utilities Index. The strategy then ranks the remaining stocks by total score and selects the top 20 stocks, provided that the stock of any Invesco affiliate will be removed and replaced with the stock with the next highest ranking. If two stocks are assigned the same total score, the stock with the higher score for Price/Earnings Ratio is ranked higher. *This trust invests in the utility industry, it may be highly susceptible to any economic, political, or regulatory occurrences affecting this industry.*

In addition, for all strategies listed above, In addition, a company will be excluded and its stock will be replaced with the stock with the next highest total score, if the company is an affiliate of the Sponsor, if there is any restriction on the Sponsor's ability to purchase a company's stock, or, if based on publicly available information as of the selection date, a proposed corporate action would result in it not being the surviving company following a business combination or in its security being delisted.

Asset turnover trend—The median asset turnover for the four most recent quarters divided by the median asset turnover of the 12 most recent quarters. Asset turnover is the sum of the four most recent quarters of sales divided by the average of the four most recent quarters of assets. **Cash flow to net income**—Sum of the four most recent quarters of cash flow divided by sum of the four most recent quarters of net income. Cash flow is defined as income before extraordinary items plus depreciation and amortization. **Dividend yield**—The indicated annual dividend divided by the current stock price. **Dividend yield to five-year median**—Current dividend yield divided by the median dividend yield over the past 60 months. **Earnings predictability**—A ratio that seeks to measure of the stability of year-to-year earnings growth over the past 20 quarters. Calculated by dividing the standard deviation of year-to-year changes in per-share earnings by the average year-to-year change in per-share earnings. **EBIT margin**—Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) divided by sales. **Enterprise value to EBITDA**—Enterprise value divided by earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA). Enterprise value equals stock market capitalization plus sum of debt and preferred stock minus cash and cash equivalents. **EPS change last quarter**—Year-to-year change in operating earnings per share (EPS). Operating earnings exclude the effect of all nonrecurring items, including cumulative effect of accounting changes, discontinued operations, extraordinary items, special items, and one-time income tax expenses/benefits. **EPS revisions current quarter**—The net percentage of positive profit-estimate revisions. First, the number of earnings estimates for the next fiscal quarter that have been decreased from the prior month are subtracted from the number that have been increased. Next, that result is divided by the total number of earnings estimates for the quarter. **EPS surprise last quarter**—The difference between last quarter's actual earnings per share and the average estimate, divided by the absolute value of the actual earnings per share. **Five-year earnings growth**—Current price/sales ratio divided by median price/sales ratio over the past 60 months. **Gross margin**—Net sales in most recent four quarters minus cost of goods sold in most recent four quarters, with this total then divided by net sales. **Gross margin trend**—The median gross margin over the past four quarters divided by the median gross margin over the past 12 quarters. **Long-term expected profit growth**—The simple average of analysts' estimates for five-year growth in earnings per share. **Net profit margin**—Net income divided by sales. **One-year earnings growth**—The difference between operating earnings per share in the most recent four quarters divided by operating earnings per share in the four quarters one year earlier, expressed as a percentage. **Operating income change last quarter**—The difference between operating income in the latest quarter and the year-earlier quarter. **Operating margin**—Operating income before depreciation divided by sales, calculated for most recent four quarters. **One-year net income growth**—The difference between net earnings per share in the most recent four quarters and net earnings per share in the four quarters one year earlier, expressed as a percentage. Net earnings exclude discontinued operations and extraordinary items. **Price/book value ratio**—Stock price divided by current book value per share. **Price/book value ratio versus three-year average**—The current price/book value ratio divided by the median of the price/book value ratio over the past 36 months. **Price/cash flow ratio**—Stock price divided by per-share cash flow over past four quarters, with cash flow defined as net income plus depreciation and amortization. **Price/earnings ratio**—Stock price divided by earnings per share from operations over past four quarters. **Price/free cash flow ratio**—Stock price divided by per share free cash flow over past four quarters. Free cash flow represents the net change in cash from all items classified in the operating activities section on a statement of cash flows, minus capital spending and cash dividends. **Price/sales ratio**—Stock price divided by per-share sales over the most recent four quarters. **Price/sales to three-year average**—Current price/sales ratio divided by median price/sales ratio over the past 36 months. **Price/sales to five-year average**—Current price/sales ratio divided by median price/sales ratio over past 60 months. **Return on equity**—Income before extraordinary items over most recent four quarters divided by average for common equity over four most recent quarters. **Tangible book one-year change**—The change in tangible shareholders equity per share over the most recent year. Tangible shareholders equity equals shareholders equity minus intangible assets, such as goodwill. **Tangible book five-year change**—The change in tangible shareholders equity per share over the past five years. Tangible shareholders equity equals shareholders equity minus intangible assets, such as goodwill. **Three-year sales growth**—The difference between per share sales in the most recent four quarters and per-share sales in the four quarters three years earlier, expressed as a percentage. **Total return for the past six months**—The percentage return on a stock over most recent six months, reflecting dividends and change in stock price.

About risk

There is no assurance the trust will achieve its investment objective. An investment in this unit investment trust is subject to market risk, which is the possibility that the market values of securities owned by the trust will decline and that the value of trust units may therefore be less than what you paid for them. This trust is unmanaged and its portfolio is not intended to change during the trust's life except in limited circumstances. Accordingly, you can lose money investing in this trust. The trust should be considered as a part of a long-term investment strategy and you should consider your ability to pursue it by investing in successive trusts, if available. You will realize tax consequences associated with investing from one series to the next.

Common stocks do not assure dividend payments. Dividends are paid only when declared by an issuer's board of directors and the amount of any dividend may vary over time. There can be no guarantee or assurance that companies will declare dividends in the future or that if declared, they will remain at current levels or increase over time.

The financial condition of an issuer may worsen or its credit ratings may drop, resulting in a reduction in the value of your Units. This may occur at any point in time, including during the initial offering period.

You could experience dilution of your investment if the size of the Portfolio is increased as Units are sold. There is no assurance that your investment will maintain its proportionate share in the Portfolio's profits and losses.

Stocks of smaller capitalization companies are often more volatile than those of larger companies as a result of several factors such as limited trading volumes, products or financial resources, management inexperience and less publicly available information.

Value, blend and growth are types of investment styles. Growth investing generally seeks stocks that offer the potential for greater-than-average earnings growth, and may entail greater risk than value or blend investing. Value investing generally seeks stocks that may be sound investments but are temporarily out of favor in the marketplace, and may entail less risk than growth investing. A blend investment combines the two styles.

The Dow Jones U.S. Index measures the performance of the U.S. equity broad market. The index is comprised of all the companies in the Dow Jones Large-Cap Index, Dow Jones Mid-Cap Index and Dow Jones Small-Cap Index.

Dow Jones U.S. Index is a product of S&P Dow Jones Indices, a licensed trademark of CME Group Index Services LLC (CME), and has been licensed for use for certain purposes by Invesco and the trust. The Portfolio, based on the Dow Jones U.S. Index, the Dow Jones U.S. Basic Material Index, the Dow Jones U.S. Consumer Goods Index, the Dow Jones U.S. Consumer Services Index, the Dow Jones Oil & Gas Index, the Dow Jones Financials Index, the Dow Jones Health Care Index, the Dow Jones Industrials Index, the Dow Jones Technology Index, the Dow Jones Telecommunications Index and the Dow Jones Utilities Index, is not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by Dow Jones, CME, or their respective affiliates, and Dow Jones, CME and their respective affiliates make no representation regarding the advisability of investing in this product.

The Standard & Poor's 500 Index is an unmanaged index generally representative of the U.S. stock market.

Indices are statistical composites and their returns do not include payment of any sales charges or fees an investor would pay to purchase the securities they represent. Such costs would lower performance. It is not possible to invest directly in an index. The historical performance of the indices are shown for illustrative purposes only; it is not meant to forecast, imply or guarantee the future performance of any particular investment or the trust, which will vary.

1 Including sales charges. As of deposit date.

2 Represents the value of 100 units on the deposit date. The value of the minimum investment amount of 100 units may be greater or less than \$1,000.00 following the deposit date.

3 Assuming a public offering price of \$10 per unit. There is no initial sales charge if the public offering price per unit is \$10 or less. If the public offering price per unit exceeds \$10, an initial sales charge is paid at the time of purchase. The per unit amount of the initial sales charge is 1.85% of the dollar amount that the public offering price per unit exceeds \$10.

NOT FDIC INSURED | MAY LOSE VALUE | NO BANK GUARANTEE

Before investing, investors should carefully read the prospectus and consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses. For this and more complete information about the trust, investors should ask their advisor(s) for a prospectus or download one at [invesco.com/uit](https://www.invesco.com/uit).

This does not constitute a recommendation of any investment strategy or product for a particular investor. Investors should consult a financial professional before making any investment decisions.